

The only newspaper in Washington
with the Associated Press news every
morning in the year.

The Washington Post.

Weather—Increasing cloudiness to-
day, with rain tonight and early to-
morrow morning, followed by fair
and colder; moderate south winds.
Temperature yesterday—Highest,
47; lowest, 39.
Weather details on page 8.

NO. 18,873. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER
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TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The earth goeth on the earth,
Glistering like gold;
The earth goeth to the earth,
Sooner than it would."

Gov. Jackson is acquitted by or-
der of the court. Indiana is rapidly
getting to be one of our purest
States.

It appears that with the German-
Americans, Hungarians and League
of Nations supporters pulling for
him, all Hoover will need is a wet
plank and a pair of gum shoes to
carry Cleveland.

Despite the fact that we went to
war in 1917 to make America un-
safe for the hyphen, it seems that
the foreign market is still as essen-
tial to the politician as Julius Klein
finds it to be to national prosperity.

Malcolm Campbell's superspeed
racer hops off at Daytona Beach
and does 175 miles an hour at an
altitude of 30 feet. Equip this car
with a one-man top and the chauff-
eur would need a parachute to get
home in.

"And good gray mule,
Or black or brown,
Take off your crown,
Worn all these years,
And lay it down."

We know of no poets, save Wil-
liam J. Lampton and John A. Joyce,
who have touched their lyres in
honor of the humble mule—if ever
mule was humble—and we have for-
gotten the Colonel's striking tribute,
which was to the general effect that
since the mule, of all the animals
of the earth, left no progeny to
sound his praise, he must needs bray
a few stanzas himself. The Thirtieth
Infantry pays belated honor to man's
noblest friend in peace or war, and
Arizona is decorated for valor under
fire, but after all, what is the mere
rattle of artillery to a pair of ears
raised on an Army mule-driver's vo-
cabulary?

The Newark Antislavery League
superintendent, convicted and fined
on charges of libeling three judges,
would better play safe hereafter
and confine his unguarded remarks
to mere citizens who don't believe
in abolishing liberty by statute.

House Republicans take a mean
crack at the President's plan for
controlling Mississippi floods on a
basis which would require the peo-
ple whose lands will be protected
and enhanced in value to bear a
small share of the expense. Some
of those leaders who have been at-
tending the White House breakfasts
go back to the Capitol and act ex-
actly as if they were full of hot
flapjacks and maple syrup.

North Carolina children who be-
long to a "true-life" cult refuse to
go to school on the ground that
the world is coming to an end. We
predict a phenomenal growth in this
order as soon as its teachings are
more universally understood.

Dr. Pueyrredon resigns as Amba-
sador from Argentina and will be
lucky if he isn't held in contempt
by the Home Market Club.

The North Carolina Klan prepares
to abandon the hood and it is ex-
pected that before long the people
down there will be able to give up
the quaint old Dixie custom of
sleeping between the blankets.

Member of the Virginia Legisla-
ture introduces a bill to require doc-
tors to write their prescriptions in
English instead of Latin. The peo-
ple of this country who want whisky
ought not to have aqua fortis
palmed off on them.

Gen. Wood's campaign manager
in Ohio comes out for Willis, but
is this listed as an asset or a liability,
and if so, by whom and why?

Outside of the fact that the trou-
sers are too long and too big around
the waist, and that the coat is too
narrow across the chest, the new
traction merger seems to fit like the
paper on the wall.

Almost as many show up to op-
pose the franchise for the District
as would vote on election day if we
got it.

Declaring that Al Smith would be
"highly acceptable" to him, in a
speech at Columbia denouncing in-
tolerance, John W. Davis reminds
South Carolina that Gentile England
had in Israel a Jew for Prime Min-
ister, that Protestant Canada had a
Catholic Premier in Laurier, and
Catholic France a Protestant Presi-
dent in Doumergue. And he might
have added that the Southern Con-
federacy had an Attorney General,
a Secretary of War, and a Secretary
of State, named Judah P. Benjamin,
who afterward removed to Eng-
land and became Queen's Counsel to
a Christian Queen, and that tolerant
America had a Catholic Chief Jus-
tice who hailed from Dixie.

Speaking of rules, Sandino seems
to be making jackasses out of the
Horse Marine Corps' supply in Nic-
ragua.

ARGENTINA'S ENVOY QUITS PARLEY POST AND EMBASSY HERE

Pueyrredon Refuses to
Be Party to New Pact
for Pan America.

INSISTS ON ECONOMIC
CLAUSE FOR TREATY

Can Not Yield, He Says in
Refusing to Withdraw
His Retirement.

Havana, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—Dr. Honorio
Pueyrredon disclosed here tonight that
he has resigned as Argentine Ambassa-
dor to Washington and leader of his
country's delegation to the sixth Pan-
American Conference rather than aban-
don his stand for inclusion of a de-
claration in favor of removal of tariff
barriers in the projected Pan-American
Union convention.

The cable correspondence with his
government, which he made public,
showed further that he insisted that
the Argentine government choose defi-
nitely between his services and adher-
ence to the proposed convention which
he alone had opposed.

His resignation was submitted late
Tuesday night, although it was not of-
ficially made known until he himself
made it public today. The Argentine
government asked him to reconsider,
expressing conformity to his views, al-
though it was not inclined to back his
intransigent stand upon them.

Dr. Pueyrredon refused, however, to
compromise.

"We are here facing a question of
public interest," he said in a dispatch
today to Argentine Foreign Minister
Gallardo, "constituted by whether eco-
nomic principles shall be the basis of
Pan-Americanism, which, so far as I
am concerned, I consider as of the
greatest importance for the republics,
and as regards which your excellency is
not of the same opinion. I am there-
fore obliged to insist upon the accept-
ance of my resignation for the same
reason which led me to present it."

Surprised at Order.

In the telegram containing his origi-
nal resignation, Dr. Pueyrredon ex-
pressed surprise at instructions re-
ceived from Buenos Aires that day that
he sign the convention with reserva-
tions even if it did not contain the
economic clauses and the advice that
the foreign minister did not consider
the ambassador's insistence upon his
economic proposals included in the in-
structions given him.

He pointed out that on January 24
after his first speech urging inclusion
of economic matters he had received a
telegram from the acting foreign
minister of Argentina saying "I am
pleased to congratulate your excellency
once again for the proposals presented,
which were inspired by noble and frank
Pan-Americanism."

"It is also erroneous to think," he
continued in the cable to his govern-
ment, "that I am not in the govern-
ment."

Continued on page 3, column 5.

Fries at Reception; Burglary Attempted

While Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Amos Fries
were at the White House reception last
night an intruder attempted to gain
entrance to their residence at 3305
Woodley road northwest, in the area
in which the Cot recently operated.

The intruder was discovered by the
general's son, Stuart, 14 years old, and
Private Robert Leadbetter, U. S. A.,
who was visiting his wife, a maid in
the house. The boy gave the soldier
his father's revolver, and Leadbetter
fired one shot at the figure as it ran
down the street. It has not been
ascertained if the shot took effect.

Franciscans Buyers Of Carrollton Manor

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—The
Rev. Justin Figas, provincial of the
Polish Franciscans, in the United States,
announced today that the order had
purchased Carrollton manor, an old
colonial home near Baltimore, Md.,
with several acres of land and would
occupy it as a novitiate.

The property purchased was once
owned by Charles Carroll, of Carroll-
ton, signer of the Declaration of Inde-
pendence.

Coolidge Plays Lone Host First Time at Reception

First Lady Ill While President Entertains for Service
Officers—Foreign Uniforms Add Color to Scene.
Spring Note Apparent in Women's Gowns.

President Coolidge was host last
night in the White House at the fourth
State reception of the season, which
was given in honor of the officers of
the Army and Navy.

For the first time since the Presi-
dent entered the White House Mrs.
Coolidge was not by his side at a state
function. Illness kept her in her apart-
ment.

A wave of concern swept the as-
sembly when it was seen Mrs. Coolidge
was not accompanying the Presi-
dent as the procession appeared on the
grand staircase at 9 o'clock. It is said,
however, that Mrs. Coolidge's condition
has shown great improvement in the
last few days, but her physicians felt
the strain incident to the greeting of
thousands of guests would be too great
a tax on her. Many persons, as they
passed down the line, inquired as to
Mrs. Coolidge's health, and assured by
the President's smiling comments that
she was "much better."

The Marine Band Orchestra in the
foyer played West Point and Annapolis
airs while generals and admirals and
those of lesser rank were arriving at the
White House.

With happy forethought President
and Mrs. Coolidge had invited all the
holders of Congressional Medals of
Honor living in this vicinity, so a num-
ber of service men who are not officers
were included in this special group of
guests.

All stiffened to attention when a
bugler of the Marine Band Orchestra at
9 o'clock blew "Attention." Then, pre-
ceded by his military and naval aides in
dress uniforms, the President appeared
by himself at the head of the staircase.
Behind him came Vice President and
Mrs. Davis and then the members of
his Cabinet.

As the President reached the foot of
the stairs the band broke into "Hail to
the Chief" and he passed into the blue
room and took his stand in front of
the double windows. The long line be-
gan to pass before him. The first to
greet him was the chief of staff of the
Army, Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall,
and Mrs. Summerall and then the Army
Cabinet.

Continued on page 2, column 4.

COAL STRIKE INQUIRY IS VOTED BY SENATE

Watson Announces Hearings
by Committee Will Be
Started Next Week.

The Senate yesterday ordered a
"thorough and complete investigation"
of conditions in the bituminous coal
fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West
Virginia, and Chairman Watson, of the
interstate commerce committee, which
will conduct the inquiry, announced a
beginning probably would be made
next week.

Without a voice raised against it,
the resolution of Senator Johnson (Rep-
ublican), California, calling for the in-
vestigation was approved.

Previously the Senate had rejected,
59 to 15, an amendment by Senator
Reed (Republican), Pennsylvania, pro-
posing an inquiry also into the coal
freight rate structure and the two
hours of debate yesterday on the res-
olution centered almost entirely on the
amendment, which was opposed by
senators from the Southern coal States,
who asked a separate investigation.

The Johnson resolution had received
the unanimous approval of the Senate
interstate commerce committee after it
had heard only one witness, Philip
Murray, international vice president of
the United Mine Workers of America,
who pictured conditions of distress in
the coal regions, and charged a con-
spiracy by the Pennsylvania, Baltimore
Continued on page 11, column 6.

Donahay Commutes Brokers' Sentences

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—
Nine to ten year sentences of William
R. Chatfield, Jr., and George Beazell,
Cincinnati brokers who were convicted
in 1923 of embezzling an amount al-
leged by authorities to be more than
\$1,000,000, were commuted today by
Gov. Vic A. Donahay.

The action was taken so that the
men might be considered for parole
when the State board of clemency
meets March 6.

Dry Chief Convicted Of Libeling Judges

Newark, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—The Rev.
Dr. Marna S. Poulson, State superin-
tendent of the Antislavery League, to-
day was found guilty of charges of
libeling three Newark judges. A fine
of \$500 was imposed upon him.

Wilbur F. Helsey, chief of defense
counsel, announced that he would ap-
peal from the verdict.

The libelous statement of Dr. Poul-
son, which had been handed to news-
paper men for publication, charged
that vice was unchecked in Newark and
that enforcement officials were "in on
the game." The judges named were
Walter D. Van Riper, of the Court of
Common Pleas, and Police Judges Al-
bano and Boettner.

Girl Banker Cleared In Poison-Pen Trial

Hackensack, N. J., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—
Miss Sarah B. Mowell, 21-year-old bank
clerk of Ridgewood, today was acquitted
of charges that she attempted black-
mail by sending poison pen letters to
Mrs. Frank A. Von Mowchalsker, wealthy
society leader of the same town.

HOTEL-LEVEL CLUB (for Masons),
253 W. 13th, near B'way, N. Y. C.
Rooms with bath; club features;
moderate rates.—Adv.

CITIZEN COMMITTEE FINDS 10 OBJECTIONS IN TRACTION MERGER

Capitalization Too High;
Perpetual Franchise
Is Feared.

TO ASK FEDERATION
TO RATIFY REPORT

Fleaharty Asserts Guarantee
Exists in Agreement
of Companies.

A broadside was fired last night at
the merger plan of the street car com-
panies by the public utilities commit-
tee of the Federation of Citizens Asso-
ciations, which held a special meeting
to consider the traction consolidation.
Ten major items of objection were
adopted by the committee to be re-
ported tomorrow night to the federa-
tion for ratification. The ten objections
were as follows:

1. The proposed valuation of \$52,400,000 was called unduly high and not
representative of the value of the
transit properties for merger purposes.

2. There should be no fixed rate of
return on valuation for an indefinite pe-
riod, as proposed in the agreement.

3. The plan proposes a "perpetual"
franchise by not naming any period for
which the Capital Transit Co. should be
chartered.

Ask Concerning Surplus.

4. Information should be furnished as
to what disposition is to be made of de-
preciation reserves and surplus in the
officers of the present companies, con-
cerning disposition of which the pact
between the companies is silent.

5. There should be universal free
transfer from buses to street cars and
vice versa instead of between street
cars alone.

6. There should be a provision in the
agreement and in the charter to be
granted by Congress for adjustment of
labor difficulties.

7. There should be half-fare rates
for school children on all street cars
and motor buses.

8. The federation should request a
reconciliation between Harley P. Wil-
son's written statement that he was to
get no profit from sale of the Wash-
ington Rapid Transit Co. to the pro-
posed consolidated company and the
price of \$1,146,000 to be charged by him.
\$506,000 in cash with interest and
\$655,000 in assumed obligations of the
bus concern.

Better Service Wanted.

9. The merger authorizations should
contain a mandate that transportation
service under united operation be su-
perior to present service by the com-
panies operated separately.

10. Resale of power bought from the
Potomac Electric Power Co. to unre-
stricted.

Continued on page 16, column 2.

Fearing World's End, Children Avoid School

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—A
"true life" religious cult, whose belief
that the "end of the world" is near at
hand is so strong that members refuse
to send their children to school, was de-
scribed today by M. M. Grey, county
welfare superintendent. Grey said he
was informed that the mecca of the
order was at Cassel, S. C., where con-
tinuous services were being held in ex-
pectancy of the early coming of judg-
ment day.

The welfare official said the belief of
the cult that education was unneces-
sary in view of the anticipation of an
early end of things, did not satisfy the
law and that members would face arrest
unless they sent their children to school.

Site Bought for Fire House Is Restricted to Residence

Deed to Property Acquired by District at Sixteenth and
Webster Streets Bans Buildings Except Homes.
Citizens Believe Fight Won.

Somebody in the District blundered
and bought, at Sixteenth and Webster
streets northwest, land for \$28,198 on
which to erect a fire engine house, but
yesterday it was discovered that the
deed to the property contains a cove-
nant, presumably binding on the Dis-
trict, forbidding use of the property for
other than residential purposes. In-
vestigation is now under way to ascertain
who is responsible for the public pur-
chase of land that can only be used
for erecting residences.

As a result it appeared yesterday that
residents of the vicinity had won their
fight to prevent erection of the fire
engine house at that corner. A com-
mittee of residents consisting of Edward
S. Brashears, Louis Ottenberg, Frank T.
Hurley, Cabot Stevens and Mrs. Charles
L. Stevens, had a hearing before the
Commissioners yesterday.

Brashears said that they were ready
to sue to enforce the District from erect-
ing the fire engine house if necessary.
Ottenberg told the Commissioners about
the covenant in the deed. All the mem-
bers of the committee urged that an-

GOVERNOR JACKSON SET FREE BY JUDGE OVER OWN PROTEST

Court Holds Concealment
of Alleged Bribery
Effort Unproved.

OFFICIAL HAD DESIRED
TO FIGHT ENTIRE CASE

Ku Klux Klan Excoriated
From Bench as Organization
of "Slime and Disgrace."

Indianapolis, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—Ed
Jackson, Indiana's governor, was a free
man tonight over his own protest.

Against his will, defense attorneys
won acquittal on the ground that the
State had failed to prove one phase of
its case—concealment of an alleged at-
tempt to bribe former Gov. Warren T.
McCray in 1923.

The trial ended late today when
Judge Charles M. McCabe sustained a
motion that the jury be instructed to
return a verdict of not guilty. The
formal jury action took only a few
minutes after the court made his rul-
ing.

Gov. Jackson wanted to continue
through the case to meet the testi-
mony presented by the prosecution—
that he and others offered former Gov.
McCray \$10,000 in 1923 and a guaran-
tee of immunity from conviction on
charges pending against him, if he
would name James E. McDonald to the
vacated Marion County prosecutorship.

The motion for an instructed verdict
was presented immediately after the
State has rested its case.

It was only out of consideration for
George V. Coffin, Marion County Re-
publican chairman, and Robert I.
Marsh, a local attorney, who were in-
dicted with Gov. Jackson, that the
governor finally permitted his attor-
neys to make his bid for freedom to-
day. It was said in a statement to-
night, Marsh and Coffin were granted
separate trials. Prosecutor William H.
Remy said he had not determined
what course he would pursue with re-
gard to their cases.

Judge McCabe, after pondering for
more than four hours over the motion
for acquittal, made it clear to the jury
that the governor's discharge was solely
on the ground that the State had
failed to prove there had been any
positive act of concealment of the al-
leged crime which would cause a ce-
sation of operation of the statute of
limitations.

Klan Assailed by Judge.

Trial on a charge of commission of
the alleged offense itself could not be
held because the indictment was re-
turned "near" two years after the sta-
tute of limitation had run its course.

Judge McCabe pointed out. The State
had failed, he declared, to void the
statute because it did not prove the act
of concealment.

It was a slightly nervous, nervous
defendant who heard the court rule.
For the first time the governor showed
outward evidence of strain. Judge Mc-
Cabe's long absence from the court
Continued on page 11, column 5.

Sleeping, Gun in Hand, Absconder Is Caught

Bluefield, Nicaragua, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—
A customs cashier who absconded with
\$20,000 from the Island of San Andres,
Colombia, was captured today while
sleeping, gun in hand, with \$16,000 of
the loot still upon him.

The capture was made by the chief
of police of Puerto Cabezas after the
man had been landed on an isolated
point of the Nicaraguan coast by a small
boat.

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Spares Thief to Save Window.
Few Unemployed Found Here.

MISSING DEPUTIES SLAIN; BODIES FOUND ON FARM

Men Who Escorted Young
Prisoners Shot; Neck of
One Is Broken.

YOUTHS STILL FUGITIVES

Danville, Ill., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—Chance
revealed today the bodies of two La
Fayette, Ind., deputy sheriffs missing
since February 7, when they disappeared
while taking two youthful prisoners
from La Fayette to the Indiana Re-
formatory at Pendleton.

Three men walking across the farm
of Charles Abdlil, of Danville, Ill., seek-
ing fences that needed repairing, came
upon the bodies of John P. Grove and
Wallace McClure in a wood near the
village of Foster, which borders the
Illinois-Indiana line.

The prisoners, John Burns and Samuel
Baxter, have not been found.

The bodies of Grove and McClure,
ruggedly clothed and encrusted with mud,
lay on their backs, side by side, within
100 feet of a gravelly highway connect-
ing Foster and West Lebanon. They
rested upon an automobile robe, one
corner of which covered the face of
one of the men. Four sprays of brush
thrown across them partially concealed
McClure's skull had been crushed and
five bullets had been shot into his
body.

Grove's neck was broken and his body
showed two bullet wounds, an autopsy
completed tonight, revealed.

The authorities, piecing together
evidence, said it appeared that Grove,
who was driving the automobile, had
been seized by one of the prisoners
and his head bent back over the seat
until his neck was broken. At the
same time the other prisoner apparently
seized an automobile crank, which was
known to have been in the rear seat,
and smashed McClure on the head.

The motor car was found at Decatur,
Ill., several days ago. It had a bullet
hole through the windshield.

A diamond ring still was on McClure's
hand and a diamond stickpin in his tie.
His watch also was in his pocket.

The place where the men were found
was within 300 yards of the house on
the Abdlil farm, from which several
children go daily to school.

Abdlil, with R. V. Cort and Fred W.
Oakwood, found the men, for whom an
Continued on page 11, column 5.

BODY WASHED ASHORE BELIEVED DOLE FLIER

Evidence Indicates It May Be
That of Miss Doran's
Navigator.

Ventura, Calif., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—The
body of a man believed to be one of
the missing trans-Pacific Dole fliers was
washed ashore near here today. The only
identification possible was bits of cloth-
ing, identified as that of the Navy,
clinging to the body, which gave evi-
dence of having been in the water for
some time.

The only naval aviator unaccounted
for in the Dole flight was Lieut. Vilas
R. Knope, of San Diego. He was the
navigator of the ill-fated Miss Doran,
which carried John A. Pedlar as pilot
and Miss Mildred Doran as a passen-
ger. Pedlar and Miss Doran were from
Flint, Mich.

In the Dole flight, five planes started
for San Francisco from Honolulu, where
the first to arrive was to be paid a
\$25,000 prize. Only two reached their
goal.

After the committee led Maj. L. A.
Atkins, assistant to the Engineer Com-
missioner, who concluded, for the Dis-
trict, negotiations for the purchase, in-
vestigated Ottenberg's claim about the
legal restriction on the property. He
reported that the covenant was in the
deed as represented by Ottenberg.

Atkins said that he did not examine
the deed at the time of purchase and
that it is no part of his duty to examine
deeds and titles. He said that B. A.
Harrison, property survey officer in the
office of Maj. Daniel J. Donovan, Dis-
trict auditor, was the person to guard
the District against useless purchase of
land.

No one in the auditor's office was
able to state whether the covenant in
the deed escaped attention or whether
it was decided that its presence made
no difference; that the District could
not—SEABOARD—14 14th St. N.W.
Tel. Main 637.—Adv.

Hill Jury Locked Up Again, Still 8 to 4

Ottawa, Ill., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—The jury
deliberating the fate of Harry Hill,
charged with the murder of his mother,
Mrs. Eliza Hill, was locked up in its
hotel quarters here at 9 o'clock to-
night, at the end of the fifty-fifth
hour since it received the case. Twice
during the day they asked to be dis-
charged, telling Judge Joe Davis they
could not agree. Reports said they
apparently were deadlocked 8 to 4 for
conviction.

A disagreement was reported yester-
day, when the men were sent back by
Judge Joe A. Davis.

"CAROLINA FLORIDA SPECIAL"
Leaves 10:45 p. m. daily—Pinehurst,
Southern Pines, Camden, next morn-
ing—SEABOARD—14 14th St. N.W.
Tel. Main 637.—Adv.

CITIES SHOW GAINS FOR HOOVER; RURAL OHIO IS FOR WILLIS

Secretary Sure of Negro
and German-American
Vote in Primary.

BACKERS OF SENATOR
OPEN FRONTAL ATTACK

Newton D. Baker, Talked Of
as Democratic Dark Horse,
Praises Gov. Smith.

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease.

GLASS THAT PASSES IN HEALTH RAYS

THOSE who must depend on sunlight for their protection against rickets and who, furthermore, must remain indoors, will be glad to know that standards for glass are being worked out. It is possible to find out the efficiency of various kinds of glass in transmitting ultraviolet light.

A committee of the American Medical Association has reported on the subject. This report is available through the Journal office, 535 North Dearborn street, Chicago.

The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal for January 12, 1928, had a report by Goodman and Anderson. This article reports on twelve kinds of window glass now on the market, most of which are advertised as permitting the passage of the ultraviolet part of sunlight. These are reported on by name. Two are reported as not permitting any ultraviolet to pass, five as being efficient and five as permitting some of these rays to pass, but as being of low efficiency.

Goodman and Anderson find that only a part of the ultraviolet rays are of service in the prevention of rickets, the cure of tetany and the activation of the vitamins of foodstuffs. This portion they call the "intra-violet" part of the ultraviolet. Their report relates to the efficiency of the glass in allowing this intra-violet light to pass. They say that ordinary window glass will not allow any of the intra-violet light to pass. Therefore,

light which has passed through it is of no service in tetany and rickets. It will not tan or sunburn the skin. Even where a glass of the better class is used the sunlight must be good and the person exposed must be rather close to and directly in front of the glass.

North sunlight has none of this light. Walls are poor reflectors of this part of the light ray. In Newark, N. J., on smoky days the sunlight had none of this quality even in summer.

Duroso found that in certain parts of Europe there was 800 times as much of this property in the sunlight of a clear day in July as there was in a corresponding day in January.

BANANAS AS FOOD.

R. S. K. writes: Buckle, the historian, in his "History of Civilization of England," classifies bananas along with potatoes as starchy food. Knute K. Rockne, the great coach of the football team of the University of Notre Dame, classes bananas along with greasy fried potatoes and pork, and he forbids the members of his team to eat them.

Yet some physicians say bananas are helpful and advise their sick patients to eat them. We should thank you for your opinion as to the food value of bananas and especially in what class of food it belongs.

REPLY:

The banana is classed as a starchy, or carbohydrate food. It contains a fair amount of other food elements. In the tropics it is a standard food for sick and well. In this country it is a standard food for the well. It is being used as a food for the sick, especially in certain digestive disorders of children, to an increasing extent.

Partially ripe bananas contain a resinous or resinlike substance that is hard to digest. No one is justified in a wholesale, blanket denunciation of potatoes or pork. For that matter, of fried potatoes or pork.

Baked Fillets of Mackerel.

Wash the fillets and sprinkle them with salt and pepper and arrange in a buttered baking dish. Dot over with bits of butter, a few whole cloves, a bit of cinnamon bark broken fine, five or six peppercorns and add a sprinkling of paprika. Cover with a solution of vinegar and water in equal parts and add two tablespoons of salad or olive oil. Lastly, add one medium-sized onion which has been thinly sliced. Bake in a moderate oven for an hour and a half. Garnish with parsley and some hot.

Our cottage cheese, we will recall is made more delicious by adding an amount of sweet cream and salt and pepper to taste. Some like the idea of wiping the bowl in which these materials are blended with a clove of garlic. "The state of being eaten" is a delicious innovation but depends, of course, entirely upon the individual. However, the cheese goes well with this menu, so shall invest in a carton of it while on our marketing tour.

Soft Molasses Cake.

1 cupful molasses.
1 egg.
1 teaspoonful each of soda, ginger and cinnamon.
1 teaspoonful salt.
1 cupful hot water.
1/2 cupful sugar.
5 tablespoonfuls melted lard.
2 cupfuls flour.

Mix egg, sugar, lard and molasses through the flour, into the spices and salt have been added. Lastly, add the hot water with cake dissolved in it. Pour into three well-greased shallow pans. Bake in moderate oven. Serve with whipped cream.

We have, one may discover, again suggested a molasses cake dessert. This is because molasses cake is so particularly a winter dessert—and not only which later, during the warmer spring days, would prove especially appealing.

MENU.

Baked Fillets of Mackerel.
Creamed Potatoes.
Diced Buttered Carrots.
Graham Bread.
Cottage Cheese.
Soft Molasses Cake.
With Whipped Cream.
Coffee.

Mr. Work's Pointers Contract Bridge

IN the previous article of this series we have discussed the requirements for original bids, and now we come to bids by the opponents of the original bidder.

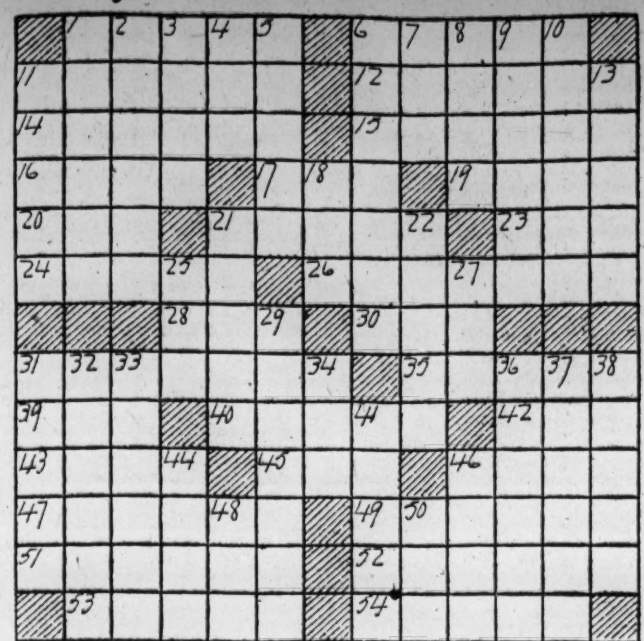
At Contract there are many who, with moderately strong hands, always pass a suit-bid on the right, not realizing that failure to make a legitimate informative double or a sound following bid merely because the first bid does not seem to be dangerous, withholds valuable information from the partner. There may be a game in the two hands and if the player pass as if he had not the strength for even a following bid, his partner may pass and the opponents make a partial score. There is a vast difference, particularly at Contract, between a game or partial score for your side, and a partial score for the other; and it is this difference that makes following bids and informative doubles frequently causes this difference.

In the case of a one-bid by Dealer, a pass by Second Hand is a bid of strength for a following bid (or a double), a pass or a jump by Third Hand, no fixed advice can be given upon the question then arising as to whether Fourth Hand should bid or pass when he holds moderate but not great strength. In the case of Third Hand's passing,

Fourth Hand, knowing that the opponents can not go game with their bid, and that a bid by him may let the Dealer's side into another declaration with which they could go game, may consider a pass his soundest declaration and by so doing may permit the opponents to make a partial score and throw away a game or at least a partial score for himself.

When Fourth Hand is facing a passing partner as I have described, he must look upon his own hand as furnishing most of the strength of his side. It is because Fourth Hand is bound to reckon on his own strength alone in the event of a pass by Second Hand after a one-bid by Dealer, that following bids with conventional strength are essential in Contract. That strength may be described as follows: Roughly speaking, a five-card suit and something better than one quick trick for a following bid of one over one of a Minor, but for all other following bids, including one Spade over one Heart, the full strength required for a Contract one or two Informative doubles should be made with the same strength as in Bridge. Tomorrow we will consider one of the most important and also one of the most fascinating subjects in connection with Contract—the jump.

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle



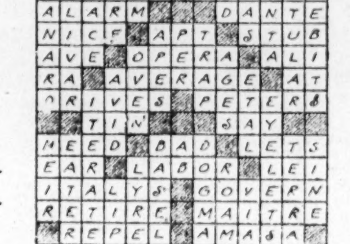
HORIZONTAL.

- 1 Kind of tea
- 6 Allude
- 11 Deep gorge
- 12 Balanced
- 14 Click beetle
- 15 Carrier
- 16 Commanded
- 17 Mountain range
- 18 In Asia Minor
- 19 Part assumed
- 20 Shoshonean
- 21 Indian
- 22 Sits firmly or in place
- 23 Limb
- 24 Fortress in N. E. France
- 26 Looks upon
- 28 Corded fabric
- 30 Mourful
- 31 Rescinds
- 32 Cried as cat
- 33 Cutting implement
- 40 Shows the bottom
- 42 To row
- 43 Jade
- 45 Veneration

VERTICAL.

- 1 Roof of mouth
- 2 Avoided by artifice
- 3 Hawk-like bird
- 4 Constituting a whole
- 5 Weird (var.)
- 6 Makes deduction from
- 7 Period of day (poetic)
- 8 Be afraid of
- 9 Enlist
- 10 Slaggered
- 11 A puzzle
- 12 Sediment of liquids
- 13 Gentle blow
- 14 Move in a stealthy manner
- 15 Feigns
- 16 Extinct
- 17 An advocate
- 18 Banished
- 19 Read
- 20 Use needle and thread
- 21 Those who connect
- 22 Cloth
- 23 Sidelong
- 24 Malign looks
- 25 Corresponds as a periodical
- 26 Read asunder by force
- 27 Before
- 28 Be situated

SOLUTION OF PRECEDING PUZZLE



(Copyright, 1928.)

YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN, SC. D.

The Parent Counselor.

Dr. Dean will answer all signed letters pertaining to parents' problems with their boys and girls. The writer's name and address will be kept confidential. General interest questions will be answered in this column, but all letters will be answered in full only if the writer encloses a stamped self-addressed envelope is included. Address: Arthur Dean, in care of this paper.

Freedom!

THERE is more freedom for a girl in a well ordered and intelligently managed home than in any other place under the sun.

"No more," you say. "The last place I'd look for freedom is my own home."

When I want to express myself I go to Liberty Hall and that's anywhere outside my home.

You jumped, my young friend, too fast. I said there was more freedom in a well ordered home than in any other place. You talk about "Liberty Hall" as being the place where you get liberty. What's the meaning of the word "liberty"?

"The state of being free from the domination of others or from restricting circumstances."

And so you reach out of your home to become exempt from the domination of others.

What do you get? At school, uniformity of curriculum. At dances, uniformity of steps. At the shoe store, uniformity of heels. At the manicure parlor, uniformity of nail shapes. At the hair dressers, uniformity of bobs. On the auto ride, uniformity of petting at the dress shops. Uniformity of "take the knees."

You actually make me want to laugh. You rush out of the home of "no freedom" and run into a system where liberty in thought, dress and action is absolutely taboo.

But I can not laugh. It's too serious a matter. The difficulty which youth is having in trying to fit itself into the system of No Freedom is causing suicides, disappearances and mysterious psychoses.

At heart we're all egotists. Youth is full of ego. When together in a group it may sing, "We're free! free! free!" But remember you are free only as compared with another group who are in jail or in an unintelligently managed home.

When a single youth gets alone with himself or herself he or she feels adequate. He asks himself "How can I be adapted to the manifold claims of the crowd without suffering the destruction of my own personality?"

Well, my dear, you can not be an individual in the state of uniformity unless you educate yourself to have ideas, thoughts, feelings and actions independent of mass thoughts and actions.

Every one of us must express ourselves or else we go "bughouse," and I claim that intelligent parents have far more interest in seeing that you get your freedom than any school or club or social group under the sun. A wise mother wants you to wear your hair so it is becoming to your face, to buy heels that properly support your body, to choose friends with discriminating taste, to interest yourself in music, crafts and vocations that your ego may find adequate expression.

Don't jump out of a home which you think is a "frying pan" into the fire of uniformity. The poor Smith College girl who so suddenly disappeared wrote in her school theme: "I have always wished to see what is on the other side of the blue hills." She lived in a world of artificial restraints—dances, dress, bobs, and everything all alike—no self-expression of self, simply self-expression of the group.

And that's not true freedom and it isn't liberty hall.

OUR CONVERSATION CORNER.

Earning Money.

Our class is planning a trip to another State after graduation. I am anxious to go but must earn the greater part of the expenses myself. Can you suggest ways for me to earn money?

Answer—Repeat your request and enclose S. A. S. and I will send you my list, "How Girls Earn Money."

Pay Checks.

Dear Arthur Dean: Have just finished reading your article on "What They Want and When," in which you ask for a few suggestions from young people. Your first suggestion is a question sent in to you: "How do you keep the friendship of a boy and refuse to let him kiss you?"

Well, it depends pretty much on the type of boy he is. Any boy, good or bad, even if he isn't the "petting type," may have become fond enough of you to want to kiss you. The "petting type" is the type whose friendship you will lose if you don't comply—and you are better off without it. Then the other type is the boy who likes you a lot—maybe it's even love and would like to kiss you. But refusing to kiss him will not cost his friendship, because he will like you for yourself, not the company you afford him without expecting "pay checks" after having once been refused. This friendship is one guard.

CHIEF OF SIXTEEN.

Comment—Here is "dom, thrice reded."

Historic Confederate Draft Order Is Found

St. Clairsville, Ohio, Feb. 16 (A.P.).—What is said to be a legal document of the old Confederate government, making military service compulsory for youth under 21 years of age, has been found here.

The paper was uncovered among the personal effects of the late Capt. Edward Muhlenberg, river man and glass manufacturer, of Wheeling, W. Va., and Belair, Ohio. It bears the signature of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederate government, and Alexander H. Stevens, then president of the senate.

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

THE WHITE-HAIRED WOMAN.

WHITE hair is no longer considered an admission of advanced years. Many times one sees a delightfully fresh and young face under hair that has turned white, and always, when the person is well groomed, snowy hair adds a very desirable mark of distinction without detracting one iota from any native attractiveness the person may possess.

Both the white-haired young woman and older ones have special problems to consider in making the most of their type. Garish makeup, always unbecoming as well as unfashionable, achieves an effect positively vulgar when contrasted with white hair. A light downy powder is used in a color that matches the skin so closely as to be imperceptible. Only a tiny bit of rouge may be used and it should be applied as to blend in with the natural blush of the skin. Harsh dabs of color, too intense or ineffectively applied, add age and an appearance of weariness. A lipstick not too luxuriantly red is the best choice. It is wise not to make up the eyes at all during the day.

lash color may be used. The brows and lashes can be kept looking their best by brushing them with a fine camel's hair brush each time after powdering.

Since colorkeepers automatically look for signs of years in the face of the woman with white hair, she must give her skin special attention. An emollient cream, left on the skin during the night, will prevent wrinkles. The regular use of an astringent each time the face has been cleaned helps to keep the pores small and the skin firm. A light powder base will make the skin velvety and prepare it for the make up. A mild bleach cream may be used two or three times a week to keep the skin a fair complement to the whitened hair.

In the arrangement of the hair itself lies great possibilities of chic and beauty. None but the newest and smartest coiffures (those that are becoming) will do for our white-haired lady. Specialists have considered her problems and have produced excellent preparatory for her use in keeping her hair at its loveliest. Two types of preparations that every white-haired woman needs for the proper care of her hair are a bluing rinse (for removing any yellow tint), and a tonic to keep the hair snowy white during the period between shampooings.

(Copyright, 1928.)

Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON

RESTAURANTS AND EVENING CLOTHES.

DEAR Miss Singleton: Please tell me when it is necessary to wear evening dress when going to dine at a hotel or restaurant in a big city. Also, whether it is proper to go to the theater without a hat; I mean for a woman. But my first question applies to both men and women. Is it customary for a lady to take a gentleman's arm in the streets.

People who have been carefully brought up, in the social world, dress for dinner before they sit down to eat. If dining alone, a man and his wife would have changed into evening dress. The man would have on an evening jacket (or tuxedo coat) instead of the full-dress evening coat, and the woman would be in a less elaborate gown than she would wear for a large formal party, but they would be ready for the evening before they sat down to dinner.

Now, there are a thousand reasons why a man and his wife may not wear evening clothes. They may not have time before they sit down to eat. They may have to take a journey after dinner and the theater. They may simply be lazy about dressing and not realize that a rest and refreshment in reality is a duty. At all events, they may do as they please about it and any of the hotels and restaurants in this country will be ready to accept them as patrons.

Some of the reasons I have mentioned will be ascribed to them.

It shows more the usage of the world to them. It will not be remarked if you choose not to do so. About the hat I should feel this way. As hats have to be taken off in the theater I should prefer to go without one. I was taking a train afterward I should have to wear one, of course. Or if I wanted to take a public conveyance to the theater I might find it convenient to wear a hat. A person may safely do either, wear one and take it off, or not wear one. It is not much the mode in large cities for people to walk arm in arm unless, for some reason or other, the woman needs the man's support.

(Copyright, 1928.)

Pastor Takes Church To Shut-Ins by Radio

Norfolk, Neb., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—When conditions unfavorable to spreading the gospel prevail the Rev. F. W. Brandhorst, pastor of Grace Lutheran Church in Norfolk, changes them. When he learned several of his "flock" were shut-ins and unable to attend the Sunday service he installed radio receiving sets in their homes that they might listen to his sermons broadcast by wire.

Several members of his congregation remained away from church because they were hard of hearing, but Mr. Brandhorst bought a set of earphones and installed them in the church. Now his deaf parishioners attend regularly.

Right and Wrong Evening Frock



© VOGUE

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Beautiful—fashionable—elegant—how worthy it is of the Romney label of fastidious chic! The new front fulness, the swathed hips, and the diagonally tucked blouse achieve the utmost smartness by means of the most intricate and careful dressmaking. The frock sketched can be found in the women's frock shop—second floor.

Don't miss seeing the new Spring Romney fashions just arrived!

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WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Happy, But a Bit Sour!

DEAR Miss McDonald—Until today I have been but vaguely aware that your column, dispensing gems of wisdom, existed. Today I wish to say a word.

You can take this or leave it, whichever your superior judgment chooses as the wise procedure.

There are two kinds of women who follow a career outside the home after the knot is tied:

(1) Women who inform the ardent fool who wants them that they propose to do this and do that, and who as soon as sentence is pronounced rush out to become a secretary, woman cop, typist, hello girl or what not.

I have no sympathy for the man who marries a woman of the first class and no respect for the one who does not desert one of the second category. Women of class No. 1 are honest, but are to be avoided. Women of the second class are on a par with bigamists. You ask consideration for the superior and highly intellectual woman who experiences a shock at the feel of dish water. Honestly, I pity anyone who simply finds it impossible to sacrifice anything for love and a home. I pity her. But I pity the poor spinster more who allows her to work even more. Instead of a spinster, she has a substitute, a strip of twine up and down his back, with a knot in one end for a head.

As we evolve, so to speak, maybe we will allow a lady of the very superior intelligentsia to keep her cake and devour it too. Maybe a few warped intellectuals can concoct a plan whereby she can have all of the thrills and none of the spills of widowhood, motherhood and diverse and sundry other horrors.

Women of the first class are honest, but are to be avoided. Women of the second class are on a par with bigamists. You ask consideration for the superior and highly intellectual woman who experiences a shock at the feel of dish water. Honestly, I pity anyone who simply finds it impossible to sacrifice anything for love and a home. I pity her. But I pity the poor spinster more who allows her to work even more. Instead of a spinster, she has a substitute, a strip of twine up and down his back, with a knot in one end for a head.

"HAPPY MARRIED MAN."

OSAGES WAVE FLAGS AT TRIBE HAPPENINGS

Birth, Death and Even the Grave Are Celebrated by Stars and Stripes.

Pawhuska, Okla., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—The Osage Indians are a tribe of flag savers.

The birth of a little papoose is an event to be proclaimed by the fluttering of Old Glory on the porches of homes of immediate relatives. The flag adorns the altar of nearly every wedding at the Osage Nation. When death takes a member of the tribe, the Stars and Stripes are unfurled at the grave.

The Osages are converts to the white man's religion, but they cling to the belief of their ancestors that the spirits of the dead deserve protection, and they turn to the flag as a guardian of the happy hunting ground. Many flags wave every day in the cemeteries of Osage County. The banners symbolic of the United States Government wave above the tombstones day and night, rain or shine.

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

LES SWINGIN' ALONG.

Jes' swingin' along, jes' swingin' along! Laughin' with pleasure a bumm'n' a song.

Livin' for all things.

Makin' the right things and batin' the wrong.

Jes' swingin' along.

Jes' swingin' along, jes' swingin' along! Makin' life's journey as one of the throng.

Sharin' life's labor.

An' playin' the neighbor.

Not very clever, an' not very strong.

Jes' swingin' along.

Jes' swingin' along, jes' swingin' along! Playin' an' prayin', an' bumm'n' a song.

Makin' the most of.

What joys I can boast of.

Tryin' my best not to do too much wrong.

Jes' swingin' along.

(Copyright, 1928.)

FIRST WHITE NATIVE SON OF CONNECTICUT

David Gardiner, Born 1636 in Saybrook, Attested to by Records.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—Colonial history, always an absorbing study to those who trace their ancestors to earlier settlers, is constantly being added to by research work and examination of time-worn monuments.

It has been determined beyond contradiction that the first white child born in Connecticut was buried in the cemetery behind Center Church, which stands in the heart of this city.

On the headstone marking the grave of David Gardiner, who died July 10, 1688, are the words: "Born at Saybrook, August 29, 1636. The first white child born in Connecticut."

Colonial records fully support the claim that Hartford colony's first group of settlers put in at Saybrook at the mouth of Connecticut River in that year.

I. MILLER Beautiful Shoes

Undoubtedly Mitzi Wears "The Pagan" by I. Miller

Patent sandal with beige saddle. Very modernistic with its square cut-outs. Two straps with gilt and black buckle; high spike heel. \$16.50

I. Miller Shoes are here in their own exclusive shop.

THE HECHT CO. F STREET

Fifth Floor.

MODISH MITZI



This is a conference, but first let's describe their clothes. Mitzi's dress is a formal afternoon affair of georgette and the most notable thing about it is that it uses lace so cleverly and so lavishly. All the pointed inserts are lace. Her hat has one of those entrancing little nose veils. Adelaide's frock is georgette, too, and the notable thing about this dress is that it is pin tucked all the way from top to bottom and all around. Polly's dress is also georgette and the notable thing about this one is that it has a draped neckline finished by a large bow of material and a modernistic treatment of material about the waist. Also another bow on the skirt to hold the wide giraffe snug.

(All rights protected by The George Mathew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.)

Three Opinions Are Better Than One.



The conference was about a letter Mitzi had received. "What's newest for spring?" asked the inquiring correspondent, and the trouble is that the three of them can't agree. "Of course," says Mitzi, "irregular hemlines are the newest thing—for daytime as well as evening." "Of course," says Adelaide, "capes and cape effects are the newest thing—for dresses as well as for coats." "Of course," says Polly, "materials are the newest thing—printed materials for all the time and still materials for evening." There seems no possible solution, because each of them is sure she is right. "We'll write all these opinions down," decides Mitzi, "and any woman ought to be pleased to take her choice of them." Tomorrow—New Spring Fabrics.

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COOLIDGE CONFERS WITH MORRIS UPON NEW YORK POLITICS

Draft Talk by Hillis Ignored, State Chairman Says After Meeting.

MUCH DAWES TALK REPORTED IN STATE

Rumor Has It Connecticut Will Lead Stampede for President at Convention.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.
President Coolidge and George K. Morris, Republican State chairman of New York, talked for 20 minutes yesterday without any reference to the recent "draft Coolidge" activities of Morris' New York colleagues. They discussed the New York political situation.

This was Morris' version of the conference, and from him the impression was obtained that while the conversation ranged all around the delicate subject, it was studiously avoided. He stated before he went into the President's office that he did not intend to mention the "draft" idea, expressing the belief that to do so would be questioning the President's sincerity. For the same reason, he said, he did not agree with his organization leader, Charles D. Hillis, that the President might be available, although he made it plain that he had no quarrel with Hillis.

"President Coolidge, I am inclined to believe," said Mr. Morris, "is out of the presidential race this year."

Apparently while Hillis and Morris are working toward the same end and the sending of an un instructed delegation to Kansas City, they are not in agreement as to how it can best be achieved. Hillis began advancing the "draft Coolidge" argument some time ago and has apparently become enthusiastic over it.

In view of the closeness with which the draft movement is involved in the New York situation, observers found it difficult to see just how it could have been avoided in a discussion of the situation. Some surprise was expressed that the President did not bring up the matter himself.

Morris refused to reveal just what he told the President the situation in New York was. He did tell newspaper men that the Hoover and Lowden strength was fairly even in the State at present, with the Secretary of Commerce having a slight edge.

Then there is sentiment for Senator Curtis, of Kansas, and Senator Willis, of Ohio, and frequently I hear mention of Vice President Dawes. Indeed, there is a lot of talk going the rounds about the Vice President now.

The fair conclusion would be that this is generally the situation that he described to the President, Morris explained that he had the feeling that the President was naturally interested in State situations. The fact that there was no mention, however, of the draft activities would seem definitely to discredit the report that has been going around for several days that Hillis was to be called down to Washington for a "spunking."

State Ticket at Stake.
It may be, it was pointed out, that he has a certain sympathy for the plight of the New York organization leaders. So far as known he has not expressed any disfavor at the use of his name. The plight of these leaders, as Morris expressed it to newspaper men and presumably to the President, is to determine the best nominee to carry the State ticket.

"We have been working for six years in New York to win control, elect a governor, and we hope to be able to do it this year," he said. This is the reason, Mr. Morris said, that he wants the New York delegation, 90 strong, to go to the convention un instructed rather than commit it to any of the candidates now.

But despite Morris' protestations that his only desire is to keep the field open, his attitude and that of Hillis have been taken from the beginning as unfriendly by Hoover forces. In fact, Hillis had to resort to the "draft Coolidge" movement to keep the Hoover forces from going after instructed delegates. They could not be put in the light of opposing the President, so they reluctantly accepted the un instructed delegation proposition and are now engaged in trying to win the friendship of as many of the delegates as possible.

Coolidge to Keep Silent.
All the circumstances thus considered, the fact that the President did not let Morris know that the use of his name was displeasing to him is being taken as an indication of the President's determination not to have anything more to say that might bear one way or the other on the general political situation. There is no suggestion that he intends to yield in his announced desire to retire next March, but on the other hand, it is not believed that he intends to permit himself to be frequently drawn into the picture by commenting on the activities of particular groups. It is believed to be his attitude for that the various State leaders may do whatever they want to in the future. He does not feel, it is believed, that it is incumbent upon him to be always taking notice of their activities and dealing with them. The State leaders have their problems to work out and it is for them to work out in the way they think best.

There is, however, a growing contention among some of the best minds of the party that the situation is so shaping up that there will come a time when the President will have to decide whether in the interest of the party he will accept the draft. One of them said yesterday that on the first ballot the President will have just as many votes as Hoover, Connecticut, far up towards the top of the roll call, he

the Kansas City convention hall, where Willis' resounding speech "The Party so easily be heard in every part of the hall. And it is understood here that Willis is "fighting mad" and likely to remain so.

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OHIO CITIES LEAN TO HOOVER; WILLIS HOLDS RURAL STRENGTH

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

talking politics. I found Willis' appointees today anxious to be kept entirely out of the political row.

"We are forbidden to discuss politics," they said, almost without exception.

But Willis has strong friends here who are going to the front for him. Among them is Paul Howland, leading attorney, who has played an important role at national conventions in the past and knows the game. He will be a candidate for delegate from this district and will probably take the stump here in the battle of the primaries.

"Does anyone know where Hoover stands on anything?" he asks, indicating thereby that he will join those who will demand that Hoover come out and fight the game. He will be a candidate for delegate from the Buckeye voters are asked to follow him.

Willis "Fighting Mad."
Opinion is divided as to how effective or ineffective a frontal attack of this kind against Hoover will prove. Maschke says it won't mean anything, and Willis men say it will mean a lot. But it is generally agreed that it may be embarrassing to Hoover to have Willis determined to fight to a finish, especially if the fight is to find its way into

delegation to Kansas City, they are not in agreement as to how it can best be achieved. Hillis began advancing the "draft Coolidge" argument some time ago and has apparently become enthusiastic over it.

In view of the closeness with which the draft movement is involved in the New York situation, observers found it difficult to see just how it could have been avoided in a discussion of the situation. Some surprise was expressed that the President did not bring up the matter himself.

Morris refused to reveal just what he told the President the situation in New York was. He did tell newspaper men that the Hoover and Lowden strength was fairly even in the State at present, with the Secretary of Commerce having a slight edge.

Then there is sentiment for Senator Curtis, of Kansas, and Senator Willis, of Ohio, and frequently I hear mention of Vice President Dawes. Indeed, there is a lot of talk going the rounds about the Vice President now.

The fair conclusion would be that this is generally the situation that he described to the President, Morris explained that he had the feeling that the President was naturally interested in State situations. The fact that there was no mention, however, of the draft activities would seem definitely to discredit the report that has been going around for several days that Hillis was to be called down to Washington for a "spunking."

State Ticket at Stake.
It may be, it was pointed out, that he has a certain sympathy for the plight of the New York organization leaders. So far as known he has not expressed any disfavor at the use of his name. The plight of these leaders, as Morris expressed it to newspaper men and presumably to the President, is to determine the best nominee to carry the State ticket.

"We have been working for six years in New York to win control, elect a governor, and we hope to be able to do it this year," he said. This is the reason, Mr. Morris said, that he wants the New York delegation, 90 strong, to go to the convention un instructed rather than commit it to any of the candidates now.

But despite Morris' protestations that his only desire is to keep the field open, his attitude and that of Hillis have been taken from the beginning as unfriendly by Hoover forces. In fact, Hillis had to resort to the "draft Coolidge" movement to keep the Hoover forces from going after instructed delegates. They could not be put in the light of opposing the President, so they reluctantly accepted the un instructed delegation proposition and are now engaged in trying to win the friendship of as many of the delegates as possible.

Coolidge to Keep Silent.
All the circumstances thus considered, the fact that the President did not let Morris know that the use of his name was displeasing to him is being taken as an indication of the President's determination not to have anything more to say that might bear one way or the other on the general political situation. There is no suggestion that he intends to yield in his announced desire to retire next March, but on the other hand, it is not believed that he intends to permit himself to be frequently drawn into the picture by commenting on the activities of particular groups. It is believed to be his attitude for that the various State leaders may do whatever they want to in the future. He does not feel, it is believed, that it is incumbent upon him to be always taking notice of their activities and dealing with them. The State leaders have their problems to work out and it is for them to work out in the way they think best.

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KNIGHT WILL NOT RUN FOR OHIO DELEGATE

Wants No Dry Plank, Hence He Fears He Might Embarrass Willis.

Sarasota, Fla., Feb. 16 (A.P.).—Former Representative Charles L. Knight, of Ohio, in a telegram today to Carmel Thompson, campaign manager for Senator Frank Willis, Ohio, who is seeking the Republican nomination for President, refused to be a candidate as a delegate at large from Ohio because, he understands, there is going to be effort made to put a dry plank in the platform.

"I do not think I should be a candidate," Mr. Knight's telegram read. "I observe that an effort is going to be made to paint the lily and gild the rose by putting a dry plank in the platform. Now this means the wisdom and virtue of the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead law must be commended."

"I do not believe these laws contain either wisdom or virtue but on the contrary are unwise, pernicious and at variance with the vital principles upon which our Government was founded. I believe, of course, in enforcing these laws if they can be enforced, but as a member of a national convention I could not commend that which I am convinced is wrong."

Mr. Knight points out that his candidacy for delegate might embarrass Senator Willis. Senator Willis and Mr. Knight are the greatest of friends and the former representative, who also is a publisher in Ohio, will support Willis for President.

Third Term Fight Still Subject.
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Friday, February 17, 1928.

THE FLOOD-CONTROL BILL.

The House committee on flood control has reported out a bill drafted by its chairman, Mr. Reid, of Illinois, providing for control of the Mississippi River. The bill authorizes the Government to assume the entire expense of flood control, and creates a commission to take charge of the work, to consist of seven members, four of whom shall be engineers or scientists appointed by the President. The remaining three, presumably, are to be members of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A. Supervision of the work would be taken from the chief of engineers and placed in the commission. No specific plan is outlined by the bill. The commission to be created would be at liberty to adopt the Jadwin plan in whole or in part.

This bill meets the public demand that the Nation shall take control of this undertaking and pay the entire cost of the work. Possibly the proposed commission should be larger, in order to provide representation for various necessary engineering specialties. But whether large or small, the commission should be composed of civilian as well as Army engineers, and harmony between them would be promoted if a business executive of commanding ability were made chairman of the commission.

That the United States must undertake this gigantic work and pay for it is a foregone conclusion. The difficulties in the way of apportioning part of the cost to the lower Mississippi States are insuperable. No method can be found for justly apportioning their share of the cost. No State has the right to expend money for enterprises outside of its boundaries. But beyond these difficulties arises the outstanding fact that the lower Mississippi States are not responsible for the floods and should not be taxed extra to control them. The Mississippi River is a national stream, draining many States, and benefiting or damaging the American people, as the case may be, without regard to State lines. The lower States have already taxed themselves for scores of millions for local protection, only to be overwhelmed last year as if they had not spent a dollar. They can not control the river. If the Nation is in duty bound to pay for any part of flood control work it is bound to pay for all of it. The river is not the property of any State or group of States. It is the property of the United States, and the owner is responsible for the damage done by his property.

Gen. Jadwin has evolved a plan for controlling the Mississippi. Some parts of his plan are feasible and doubtless will be adopted. But he has not had time to make a survey complete enough to make it absolutely certain that his plan takes care of all the essential factors of the problem. His plan must be scrutinized and amplified by the best engineering ability at the command of the United States. In particular, the financial features of his plan must be revised if the work of controlling the Mississippi is to be finished in reasonable time. If his plan to compel States and localities to pay part of the cost should be adopted, legal and other delays will prolong the undertaking into the far future.

What the country wants is to see Uncle Sam take off his coat, roll up his sleeves, and build works to endure for all time, so that the Mississippi River shall never again inundate the valley. This is a job three times as difficult as the building of the Panama Canal, and it will cost at least twice as much.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER PROSPECTS.

At this time last year, according to the Weather Bureau, there was already evidence that the Mississippi system would have high river stages due to incessant and, torrential rains and it became evident very early in the spring that disastrous flooding was certain. This year, however, the bureau is certain that there will be no repetition of the great flood.

The rivers will rise, it says, as they always do in the spring, and some areas may be partly flooded, but present indications are that there will be no "calamitous rising."

One reason why comparatively little progress has been made toward effectively controlling the Mississippi River floods lies in the fact that great floods like those of last spring are not annual occurrences. Floods rarely are of such magnitude as to focus the eyes of the entire Nation upon them. It may be years before another genuine calamity befalls the valley. In the meantime, each succeeding spring with only normal flood water will serve further to entrench those opposed to national flood control.

Even the comparatively minor annual floods, however, are of more than passing importance, since they lay waste large areas of crop and food producing land, render thousands of citizens homeless and cost the States and the Nation thousands of dollars in relief, rehabilitation and property loss.

THE UTILITY INVESTIGATION.

The turn in the long lane of Senate investigations appears to have been reached. For a number of years the Senate has indulged the passion of some of its members for investigation without restraint. Evidence of the need of an investigation was not required. A situation was finally reached in which it was considered neither clubby nor fashionable to oppose any proposed investigation. Protests led to insinuations that the senator or senators in opposition had something to hide.

Under the development of such a complex as this it was not easy to call a halt when the effort was made to investigate the "power trust." Horrible pictures of inquiry were hinted at if the veil could only be drawn by the Senate inquisitors. Opponents of the investigation were classed not only as enemies of the people, but the tools of the "most powerful lobby" ever assembled in Washington.

For once the cry of "wolf" failed to strike terror in the senatorial ranks. There was no objection to an investigation placed in the hands of the Federal Trade Commission. This did not suit the proponents of the inquiry. They insisted that the commission, although created by law for such purposes, was not fit to carry out the mission. The political bias of its members was assailed, while the very hint of any such motive among proponents of the senatorial investigation was considered an insult and an outrage.

The purpose of those who wanted the "power trust" subjected to public scrutiny has been accomplished. The form alone has been changed. It remains to be seen whether the Federal Trade Commission is incapable of carrying out the assignment. The time to attack it, certainly, is after it has failed, not before it has had any opportunity to show what it can do.

AUTO SPEED TRIALS.

One formidable rival for the world's automobile speed record, J. M. White's 1,500-horsepower triplex racer, has been eliminated from the officially recognized competition now under way at Miami Beach on the ground that technically it does not conform to regulations of the American Automobile Association. Two entries remain, Frank Lockhart's 400-horsepower American-built racer and Malcolm Campbell's British-built airplane-motored, mystery machine. These machines are now being tuned up. Their drivers have until Wednesday to show their stuff. The mark toward which both are aiming is 203.7 miles an hour, established last year by Maj. H. O. D. Seagrave, of England.

Public interest in this attempt to establish a new automobile speed record is not great. There is little reason for driving an automobile at speeds greater than 200 miles an hour and little of value to be gained through construction and operation of the freak machines that are necessary for such speeds. The contest is expensive and dangerous. It should never have received official sanction.

Rules of the American Automobile Association provide that automobiles competing for records must be equipped with a clutch, differential or reverse gear. The White racer had none of these features, therefore it was barred. One supposes that the A. A. A. has included such regulations in its rules so that it will have a measure with which to decide what is an automobile and what is not. Yet, at least one of the remaining entries, so far as the general public can see, can hardly be called an automobile, with its fins and rudder and rear radiator. Neither of them, it is certain, is anything like any automobile that will ever be seen upon a public highway. If the White racer technically is not an automobile, neither are the other two, even though they may conform mechanically to the regulations of the A. A. A.

McNARY-HAUGEN AGAIN.

The McNary-Haugen bill, which was vetoed just about a year ago by President Coolidge, has been launched once more by its proponents. As the time of its rejection by the President as "uneconomic and unconstitutional" the backers of the measure feared to bring it to the test of a vote on the veto. Since then they have been tinkering with the bill and have brought it forth as the only answer to conflicting cries of the farm politicians for some form of relief. "We have attempted," says Senator McNary, of Oregon, "to take care of all save one of the substantial objections the President expressed to the old bill. But the main purpose remains; that is, taking care of the surplus over and above that needed for domestic consumption."

The one "substantial objection," to which the joint author of the farm bill refers, is the equalization fee. It was the one feature of the former bill to which President Coolidge objected most strongly. Aside from all other objections, he expressed the opinion that it would be impossible of collection. On the theory of the equalization fee, the President said:

This so-called equalization fee is not a tax for the purposes of revenue in the accepted sense. It is a tax for the special benefit of particular groups. As a direct tax on certain of the vital necessities of life it represents the most vicious form of taxation. Its real effect is an employment of the coercive powers of Government to the end that certain special groups of farmers and processors may profit temporarily at the expense of other farmers and the community at large.

President Coolidge was no less emphatic as to the "main purpose," which Senator McNary says is "taking care of the surplus over and

above that needed for domestic consumption." Dealing specifically with that phase of the nostrum, the President said:

Whatever may be the temporary influence of arbitrary interference, no one can deny that in the long run prices will be governed by the law of supply and demand. To expect to increase prices and then to maintain them on a higher level by means of a plan which of necessity increases production, while decreasing consumption, is to fly in the face of economic law as well established as any law of nature. Experience shows that high prices in any given year mean greater acreage in the next year.

In the face of the President's known views, the changes that have been made in the McNary-Haugen bill as now offered dodge the issue. The main objections to the measure can not be met by giving the farm board, as a sort of sop to his vanity. Nor does the fact that application of the equalization fee is made optional lessen the danger of such a fallacious theory. The inclusion of all agricultural products in the present draft, instead of the six commodities formerly favored, appears rather to be designed to catch votes than to meet the criticism on the ground of class legislation.

The suspicion increases that this year, even more so than last, proponents of farm relief are not interested half as much in the success or failure of the legislation they advance as they are in currying favor with the farm vote by making what they know to be a useless gesture.

AN UNEMPLOYMENT INQUIRY.

Senator Wagner, of New York, has introduced a resolution calling upon the Secretary of Labor to begin a survey of unemployment in the United States and to report to the Senate on the situation, so that it may frame, in the words of the senator, "appropriate legislation designed to meet it." Despite Senator Wagner's denial, the resolution is looked upon in many quarters as constituting a challenge to the administration's claim of general prosperity. It is pointed out that Gov. Smith is conducting an unemployment investigation in New York State. Democrats have been insisting, also, that unemployment is particularly acute in New England.

In many respects it would be a good thing to have regular records of unemployment throughout the country. But framing "appropriate legislation designed to meet it" is another question. Unemployment can be lessened only through creating work.

Senator Wagner presents impressive statistics to back up his statement that unemployment is widespread. The index of factory employment throughout the country, he says, has dropped 15 per cent since 1923 and 5 per cent since 1926. Fully 62 per cent of the establishments reporting to the Government in October, 1927, were operating with reduced labor forces.

Considerable interest in unemployment has arisen since the New York investigation was undertaken. Illinois reports, for instance, through its State department of labor, that employment in January, with the average for 1922 taken as 100, was 96.4 as compared with 98.6 for December and 105.1 for January, 1927. The Philadelphia Federal Reserve Bank reported for January a falling off in employment in Pennsylvania of 1.2 per cent, with a decline of 4.6 per cent in wages paid. The volume of employment is now 10 per cent below the level of January, 1927. Delaware also reported a drop of 1.1 per cent in employment and 6.4 per cent in wages paid.

These, of course, are only straws to show which way the wind is blowing. It might be of value to have more comprehensive statistics. Employment, however, fundamentally and entirely is dependent upon general prosperity and any attempt to alleviate it other than through increasing prosperity is at best a makeshift. It is doubtful if Congress could, or would, be able to devise legislation "designed to meet" unemployment in the event that it were found general. Therefore, one must conclude that Senator Wagner's interest in the matter is largely of a political nature.

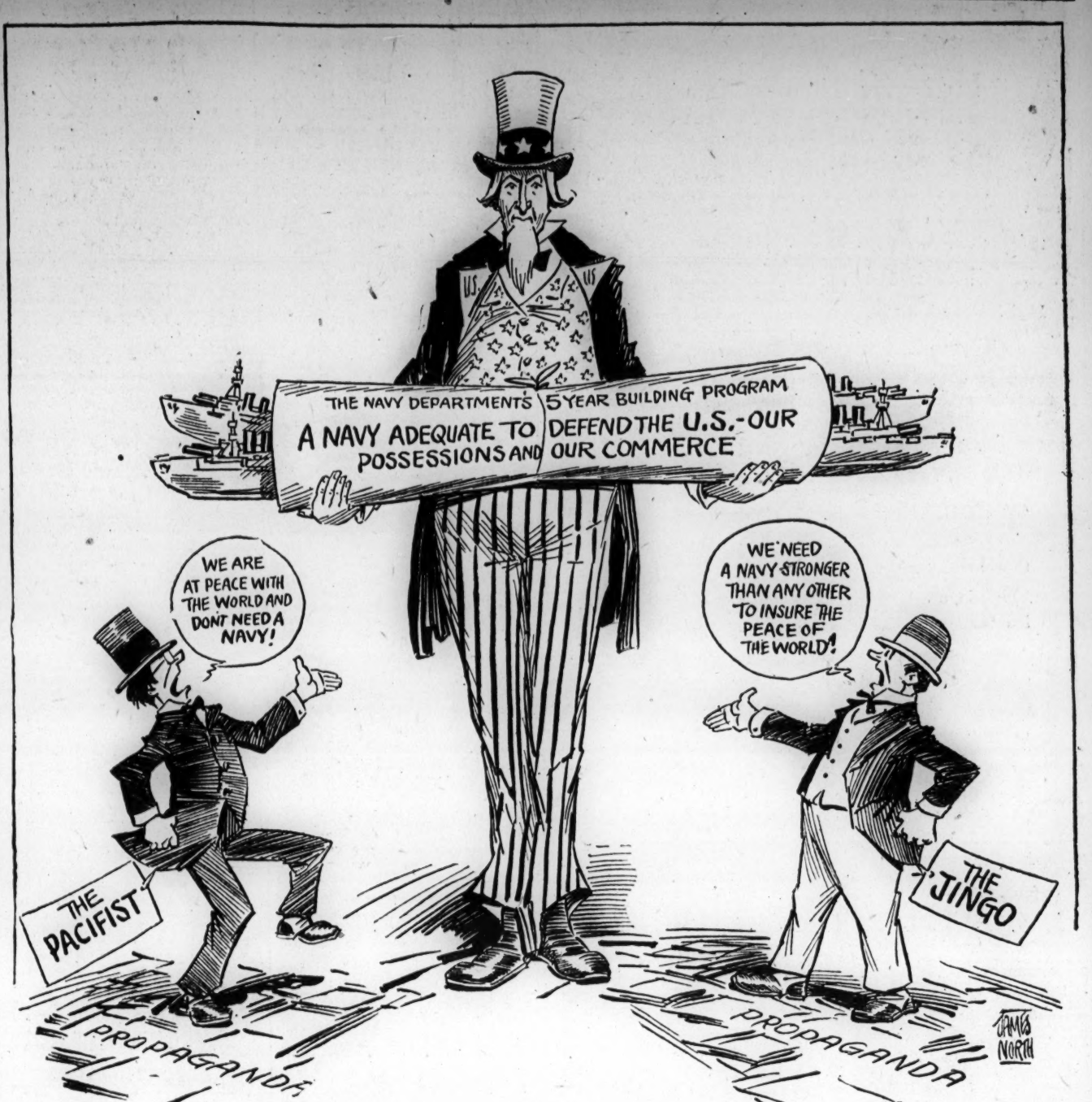
JIM REED TAKES THE TRAIL.

A most significant step in the Democratic campaign is the announcement that Senator James A. Reed, of Missouri, intends to go to the country with a series of speeches which will be made in the middle and far West. It has become increasingly evident that the Missouri senator does not intend to be regarded as the mere residuary legatee of Gov. Al Smith of New York. The Reed campaign has been under way for some weeks and now it is to be carried into what may be considered enemy country.

The speaking dates announced for Senator Reed will carry him into States that have heretofore been considered more friendly to Gov. Smith than any other possible Democratic candidate. It is even more important to learn that in the event the West gives a hearty response to the Reed tour the candidate "may" invade Maryland and Pennsylvania. Entry into the latter States will, of course, be nothing less than a direct challenge to the Smith pre-convention campaign.

The Reed tour is sure to be spectacular. No one can deny the superb ability of the Missouri veteran as a speaker. He will inject fireworks into the pre-convention struggle. It may be because of Mr. Reed's announced activity that Mayor Walker of New York has decided to combine business with pleasure on a trip to the Mardi Gras. Half a dozen speaking engagements have been booked for Mayor Walker on his way to and from New Orleans. Walker will do much to make friends for Gov. Smith wherever he goes. The fight between Smith and Reed may make Houston much more famous than it thinks it is now.

Section 178 of the United States Criminal Code, passed on March 4, 1909, declares that "no person shall make, issue, circulate or pay out any note, check, memorandum, token or other obligation for a sum less than \$1, intended to circulate as money or to be received or used in lieu of lawful money of the United States; and every person so offending shall be fined not more than \$500, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both." In the 1927 statute book, in an annotation the authority for which is the United States Supreme Court, it is said the offense denounced does not embrace obligations payable in goods or merchandise. Apparently it is lawful to pay a gas bill for less than \$1 with eggs or stove wood, but the individual who draws his personal check therefor must prepare to spend his vacation in jail.



The Safe and Sane Middle Course.

PRESS COMMENT

Take It All.
Atchison Globe: If you are willing to assume part of the blame, you might as well take it all. You'll get it anyway.

Then and Now.
San Francisco Chronicle: In early days those bent on helping the Western farmer gave him a fine bull. How little times change!

He's the Whole Cast.
Philadelphia Inquirer: Italy is to have a national theater. And who, think you, will play the leads? Yes, that's our guess, too!

Ready for Anything.
Minneapolis Journal: The Senate tossed Smith, of Illinois, out; Gov. Len Small put him back in, and the Senate is now spitting on its hands.

Usually Farewell.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: Sometimes bills far well in the hands of legislative committees, and sometimes it is a case of farewell to them.

Bring on the Wolves.
Buffalo News: Chicago should welcome the return of wolves to the city. Instead of killing them. They might make the streets safer from bandits.

Quite a Problem.
Indianapolis News: One of Hoover's big problems in Ohio is how to be wet in Cincinnati, Cleveland and other cities, and bone dry in the rest of the State.

The Ideal Furnace.
San Francisco Chronicle: What we need is a furnace that will keep the house warm enough for a woman without clothes and cool enough for a man in knit unions.

It Loves Trouble.
Boston Transcript: Don't forget, dear Latin America, that ever since the United States Government machine started to run it has been lubricated with monkey-wrenches.

And They All It Progress.
Cincinnati Enquirer: If this television business becomes general it'll be necessary to move the boys and the chips out of the background before springing some of the old gas.

Answer: Leave Off Ciphers.
Boston Globe: How much of the \$218,500,000 that wet Quebec, it is estimated, has taken in from tourists in the last five years would have been spent there if Quebec had been as dry, for instance, as New York.

But They Don't.
Detroit News: Of course the trying feature of being a representative of a great American people abroad, at such public functions as those at Havana, is a high moral obligation to keep saying, "No, thanks—make mine a cigar."

Unfortunately.
Houston Post Dispatch: The flood control bill which Congress is expected to pass this session is not expected to have much effect on the flood of oratory threatening to break loose at the Republican national convention to be held in Kansas City.

Senator Willis' Candidate.
Louisville Courier Journal: Senator Willis, who is Senator Willis' favorite son for the Republican presidential nomination, in declaring his "principles," says he is for "an old-fashioned McKinley-Republican tariff." Mr. Willis does not mean that he is against the Fordney-McCumber tariff, yet that is just what his words signify. President McKinley, shortly before his death, had modified his tariff views so liberally that

Obstacles

By ROBERT QUILEN

THE reason matrimony is never quite as thrilling as courtship is because it lacks the element of uncertainty. Courtship is a game, a chase. The possibility of losing makes winning worth the effort.

The value of all possessions is gauged by the effort required to get them. Fame is worthwhile only because it is hard to win.

A subjugated people is obsessed with a desire for liberty. Because liberty is denied, it becomes the one thing worth possessing. Men are willing to die in an effort to obtain it. But once having obtained liberty by force of arms they lose interest in government, consider the business of voting an annoyance, and may even be persuaded by thought of national gain to risk their lives again in an effort to subjugate some weaker race. Our most ardent liberty lovers are seldom blessed with a conception of human rights that extends far beyond the first person singular.

Man labored for years in an effort to "conquer" the air. He did not wish to fly in an effort to become happier or richer, but merely because God did not give him wings. Had he been possessed of wings as efficient as those of the eagle, he would have been content to perch on a fence and watch the birds sail by.

Almost all human accomplishment has been the result of obstacles. An obstacle is a dare, and a dare inspires man and makes him a god. "Ah," says man, "there is a mountain. I can climb over it, or I can walk round it, but I can not walk through it. What! A mere mountain dares to obstruct my path? I shall drill a hole through it." And drill he does.

Let us be grateful for the impossible and the unattainable. They give us something to look forward to. Without them we would be bored, for, as Stevenson has it, "to travel hopefully is better than to arrive, and the true success is to labor."

(Copyright, 1928.)

a Fordney-McCumber tariff, a Coolidge tariff, would have been abhorrent to him. McKinley was an Ohioan. Willis being an Ohioan—his only claim on the Presidency—ought to know enough about an Ohio President not to misrepresent him.

The Gam of Politics.
New Bedford Standard: As a means of obstructing popular sentiment for Hoover in Massachusetts the plan of an unscrutinized delegation looks shaky, so Representative Andrews has started a favorite son movement in the name of Gov. Fuller. No one has any idea game is to keep the Massachusetts delegates away from any candidate who has a chance.

Such Is the Law.
Topeka Capital: An Illinois dispatch reports the queer case of Joe Chapman, murderer, who after pleading guilty was sentenced to the penitentiary. He now roes clear, owing to the discovery by his attorney that the record fails to show that Chapman had "persisted in his plea," a part of the Illinois legal formula, overlooked by the court or the prosecution. Crime would be better handled in this country if there were fewer lawyers who nose into musty documents and uncover technicalities that defeat the law's purpose.

A National Problem.
Baltimore Sun: Investigators in New York are tackling the \$9,000 admission cards issued last year by the municipal lodging house to discover whence that section of the city's unemployed workers comes. How many are from New England, the Middle West and the South—from mill districts, mining areas, small towns and farms? And yet as New York studies the out-of-towners who seek work there it should also, to be logical, ask how many New Yorkers are out of work elsewhere. This immediately suggests that the problem is of national scope—no new characteristic, but one which is often forgotten.

Zoological Advertisers.
Manchester Guardian: The Parisian poet who is seeking to attract human readers by first addressing his verses to the lions in a circus is not the first of his kind to hit on a zoological advertisement. Gerard de Nerval sought publicity by appearing on the boulevards with a live crawfish on a lead of ribbon and found that he had judged rightly in thinking people would be curious to sample the writings of a man capable of such an eccentric and novel idea in pets.

Rossetti, too, hit on a similar device and once told a friend he was looking around for a young elephant. "I mean him," explained the poet-painter, "to clean the windows. Then when passers-by see the elephant cleaning the windows they will ask, 'Whose house is that?' and, being told 'Rossetti's,' the painter, lives there." They will say, "I think I should like to buy some of that man's pictures." So they will ring and come in and buy."

CLARK MILLS.

Three of the most impressive statues in Washington, Jackson on horseback, Washington at Princeton and the figure of Freedom mounting the dome of the Capitol, were the work of Clark Mills, a shy, untutored sculptor, whose only lessons were those he gave himself, observes the Kansas City Star.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

What Was the Forbidden Fruit.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Yesterday's Post credits Dr. F. E. Lutz as saying that but for insects Eve would have had no apple to eat. What does he get the idea that an apple was the "fatal fruit"? Certainly not from the book of Genesis.

Let us hope the good doctor knows his insects better than he does his Bible. LOUIS LARSON.

Wants Coolidge to Choose Somebody.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: There are thousands of young men like myself who have hoped to vote for President Coolidge again, but with the passing of time that privilege seems to be disappearing. We, as a group, I believe, look to President Coolidge for advice, for he alone knows the man who will be able to carry on his policies. His policies have been satisfactory to the people. His Senate as a whole has not. We want to vote for the right man to replace Calvin Coolidge, but we believe that as he does not choose to run himself, he has removed the choice of the people; therefore, he should choose the man to succeed him and he should be the people's choice. JOSEPH BEAL, Boston, Feb. 14.

Saturday Half Holidays.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In your issue of February 15 I observed an editorial bearing the caption, "A Saturday Half Holiday." After careful scrutiny of said editorial I beg to advise you that you are not as well acquainted with your subject as you should be. You make the statement that "the Government worker at the present time works seven hours a day, or 42 hours a week." I want to inform you that, your statement is inaccurate if meant to be applied to the Government printing office worker, also the navy yard worker. There are over 3,000 people in the G. P. O. working 48 hours a week. It is true that we work but 44 hours a week during several of the summer months; however, the majority of months we work 48 hours.

We are asking for a half holiday Saturdays throughout the year, believing we are deserving as a great many of the departments that work but a 42-hour week. Granted the demand, we will still be working two hours longer each week than those to whom you referred working the 42-hour week. Further, we have no 30-day sick leave in our office. We believe Uncle Sam can afford it and it will be money well invested in increased happiness for the worker. Kindly rectify this erroneous misinformation.

HARRY H. SACHTLER.

"The Will of the People."

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: "What difference does it make whether we elect a wet or a dry President? All he can do with the eighteenth amendment is to enforce it." So reason a great many friends of prohibition. It might be true. Some wet officials probably enforce the dry laws better than some of their professedly dry colleagues. But some of the opponents of prohibition hold this quotation to be untrue.

Capt. W. H. Starion, head of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment, in a speech noted widely in the press of October 20, 1917, said that his organization hoped to get a President who would use whatever opportunity he had to add wet judges to our Supreme Court. It is obvious that the game is to have the will of the people blocked by the decisions of that court. If we believe that the will of the people is the final authority in a democracy, we should take whatever steps are necessary to maintain it.

IRWIN R. BEILER.

Meadville, Pa., Feb. 15.

As Distinguished As Its Name

White Rock

The leading mineral water



SEE WHAT YOU BUY—BUY IN GLASS

The Proof of the Pie is in the Jar

Summer fruit for all year pies—red, ripe cherries, full flavored, orchard fresh. You make baking a delight when you use fruits and jams that come packed in glass jars and tumblers with convenient seals. The more of an art you make of your cooking the more you will appreciate the quality and infinite variety of foods packed in glass. You may find some glass-packed food products a little more expensive but remember they are select quality and full measure.

GLASS CONTAINER ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, 22 East 75th Street, New York City



Duke de Talleyrand-Perigord

—very aptly said: "Diplomacy and dining go together." And while he is notorious for his diplomatic intrigues, none the less renowned were his repasts. Epicures, diplomats and famous beauties vied for his invitations. The destiny of many nations has been settled over the dining table. Nothing stimulates amicable relations so much as the sense of wellbeing after eating. Nothing is more essential to the preparation of good food than is milk—no cake, biscuit or sauce can be tastefully made without it. Let Simpson's Milk, bought at your neighborhood grocery, be the basic substance of all your cooking.

Simpson's MILK

A Winter Vacation Pays
Spend it at—

the NATION'S PLEASURE RESORT Hot Springs

National Park, Ark.

ALL
YOURS
TO
ENJOY:

Horseback
Riding
Hiking
Golf
Tennis
Motoring
World
Famous Bath
Houses
Ideal Weather
Luxurious
Hotels
Marvelous
Scenery

Travel
Speedily
by Rail

Luxurious Train Service
Missouri Pacific Lines provide fast
daily service to Hot Springs, with
all possible travel comforts and con-
veniences. Write for beautifully il-
lustrated Hot Springs booklet.

Secure tickets, reservations, additional in-
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Hot Springs is the
Home of Mountain
Valley Water

"A Service Institution"

CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

The Vice President and Mrs. Charles G. Dawes will be the guests of honor of the Congressional Club at a reception Thursday evening, February 23, at 9 o'clock.

The Chief Justice and Mrs. William Howard Taft will entertain at a luncheon on Sunday. There will be sixteen guests. Mrs. Taft will entertain at luncheon on Wednesday, when she will have eighteen guests.

The Italian Ambassador and Nobil Donna N. Antonietta de Martino will entertain at a dinner tomorrow evening at the Carlton. There will be sixteen guests. Nobil Donna Antonietta de Martino will not receive this afternoon.

Mme. Matsuura, wife of the Japanese Ambassador, was the ranking guest at the luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. Frank Bunker in honor of the Governor of Hawaii. The luncheon was given at the Mayflower, and the other guests were Mrs. Herbert Lord, Mr. John C. Merriam, Mrs. Walter Gilbert and Mrs. Robert B. Armstrong. Mme. Matsuura was the guest of honor at a luncheon on Wednesday at the Washington Club by Mrs. Ralph Hubbard Hallett.

The Minister of China and Mme. Sze entertained at dinner last evening, when their guests were Senator Arthur Capper, the Minister of the Free State, Mr. Timothy Smiddy, Representative and Mrs. John Q. Tilson, Representative and Mrs. J. Charles Linthicum, Representative and Mrs. Blodgett. Vera Bloom, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Denby, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Hartman, Maj. and Mrs. Samuel B. Milton, Dr. and Mrs. Davenport White and Mrs. Henry A. Strong. Mme. Sze will be at home this afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock for the last time this season.

The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Wilbur were guests of honor at a luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower, given by the Society of Sponsors of United States Navy Vessels. Covers were laid for about 40.

Mrs. Jesse S. Cottrell, wife of the United States Minister to Bolivia, and her little girl, Betty Ann, entertained at the Wardman Park Hotel, where they will be joined shortly by Mr. Cottrell, who is at present in New York City.

The Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Herbert Hoover, who is at present on a fishing trip, will go to New York City first of the week. Mrs. Hoover will go to New York Tuesday, where she will join the Secretary.

Mrs. Montague Hostess

Mrs. Montague, wife of Representative Andrew Jackson Montague, has as her guest, her sister, Mrs. John R. Saunders, wife of Lieut. Gen. Saunders of Virginia.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Charles B. McVay have as their guest, Mrs. J. N. Schroeder, of Lancaster, Pa., who arrived last evening to attend the White House reception and will remain until Sunday.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Edward W. Eberle have as their guests, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Louis Nulton, of Annapolis, who came to Washington yesterday to attend the White House reception last evening.

Mrs. Cary T. Grayson, wife of Rear Admiral Grayson, who is now in Florida, is expected to return the end of the month.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Herbert Crosby have as their guest the latter's sister, Mrs. Kent Pittman, of Ross, Calif., who is here for several weeks.

The Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Theodore Douglas Robinson, who is in New York for a short visit.

The Air Attache of the Italian Embassy, Commander Silvio Scaroni, entertained a party of twelve at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower. His guests were Miss Marie Claudel, Miss Reine Claude, Miss Rosa Padilla, Miss Louise Spencer, Miss Alice Davis, Miss Evelyn Walker, Count Albert de Kerser, Mr. Linares-Rivas, Mr. Frederic Knobel, Mr. Ramon Padilla and Mr. David S. Finley.

The Secretary of the Roumanian Legation and Mme. Popovici will be assisted in receiving at their tea this afternoon at the Wardman Park Hotel by Mme. Boncenco, wife of the Financial Counselor of the Legation, and Mrs. Thomas H. Healy, Mr. William W. Bridge, will preside at the tea table.

The wedding of Miss Rosemary Prindleville Griffin, daughter of Mrs. Paul H. Bastedo, wife of Commander Bastedo, to Mr. John F. Greenleaf, U. S. N., son of Capt. and Mrs. John W. Greenleaf, of Newport, R. I., took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Matthew's Church, the Rev. E. J. Buckley officiating. The chancel was decorated with palms and flowers, and a bouquet of spring flowers decorated each pew.

The bride was given in marriage by Commander Bastedo, and wore a white satin robe de style with a lace veil and a long court train covered with the same lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Elizabeth Johnson, of Newport, R. I., was the maid of honor and wore a frock of yellow chiffon and a large yellow sash. She carried an arm bouquet of spring flowers.

The bridesmaids were Miss Frances McKee, Miss Winifred West, Miss Louise Spencer, Miss Helen Robinson, Miss Frances Stewart, of Washington, and Miss Eleanor Starke, of Norfolk, Va. They were dressed alike in frocks of pale green chiffon with large transparent straw hats, and all carried bouquets of spring flowers.

The best man was Mr. Robert Greenleaf, and the ushers were Mr. Louis Jeffries, Mr. Thomas Griffin, Mr. Richard Griffin, Mr. James Kerr, Mr. George Abell and Mr. David Karickhoff.

A reception followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, after which Mr. and Mrs. Greenleaf started on their wedding trip to Florida. The bride wearing a suit of dark blue with a hat to match. They will live in Pensacola, Fla.

Among the out-of-town guests at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Potter, of New York; Mr. Thomas J. Prindleville, also of New York, and Mrs. Edwards Corse, of Chicago.

Dunn-McKenney Wedding

The wedding of Miss Virginia McKenney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Duncan McKenney, to Lieut. Comdr. Arthur Wallace Dunn, U. S. N., son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wallace Dunn, of Washington, took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents, the Rev. Dr. C. Ernest Smith officiating. Only the members of the families and a few intimate friends were present at the ceremony and at the supper which followed.

The bride was given in marriage by her father and wore a gown of cream and gold brocade with side panels forming trains. She wore a long lace veil and carried a white spray bouquet.

Mrs. Blaine Mallan, sister of the bride, was the matron of honor and her only attendant, and wore a gown of dark green chiffon and carried a bouquet of spring flowers.

Lieut. Comdr. Julius P. Powell was the best man, and the ushers were Mr. Blaine Mallan and Mr. Hall McKenney. Mrs. McKenney wore a gown of black lace with a shoulder bouquet of gardenias.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Dunn started for New Orleans on their wedding trip immediately after the reception, Mrs.

Dunn wearing a pearl gray dress with a hat to match and a black coat trimmed with Persian lamb.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frank R. Keefe will entertain at dinner tomorrow evening at the Carlton to celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. There will be 40 guests.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Golden Ruggles, who have been in Florida, are expected to return today.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frederic Abbot will have as their guest next week, Miss Marion Stanley Abbot, of Cambridge, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Meyer, Jr., entertained informally at luncheon yesterday in honor of the Irish poet and statesman, Mr. George E. Russell, known as A. E., and the American poet, Mr. Carl Sandburg.

Mrs. Bates Warren was a luncheon hostess yesterday at the Mayflower, having eighteen in her party.

Commander Theodore Jewell will entertain a small group of this season's debutantes at the Mardi Gras fete to be given by the Club Boheme at the Carlton Hotel on Tuesday evening, February 21. Included in the party will be Misses Irene Hester, Anne LeFevre, Miss Florence Wetherill, Miss Frances Montague Hill and Miss Mogen Taylor, and a number of young men of the Club Boheme.

Mrs. Milton to Receive

Maj. and Mrs. Samuel Burleigh Milton will be at home Sunday from 4:30 until 7 o'clock. In the receiving line will be Misses Irene Hester, Anne LeFevre, Miss Florence Wetherill, Miss Frances Montague Hill and Miss Mogen Taylor, and a number of young men of the Club Boheme.

Alternating at the tea table will be Mrs. Sze, wife of the Minister of China; Senora Grisanti, wife of the Minister of Venezuela; Mrs. Renick W. Dunlap, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy; and Mrs. Richard Yates, wife of Representative Yates, of Illinois; Mrs. Harcourt Pratt, wife of Representative Pratt, of New York; Mrs. U. S. Guyer, wife of Representative Guyer, of Kansas; and Mrs. Charles Allen.

Young ladies assisting in the dining room will be Senorita Carmen Teresa Grisanti, Senorita Maria Louisa Grisanti, Senorita Margarita Grisanti and Senorita Ana Teresa Grisanti, daughters of the Minister of Venezuela and Senora Grisanti; Miss Emily Steele, wife of Mr. Steele, of New York; Mrs. Bass, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Ivan Bass, U. S. N.

Judge and Mrs. C. C. McChord have issued cards for a dinner at the Willard tonight at which time covers will be laid for twelve.

Count and Countess Frederic A. L. d'Aix, who, with their daughter, Miss Charlotte d'Aix, have been passing the past two weeks at the Wardman Park Hotel as the guests of Representative and Mrs. Henry Riggs Rathbone, went yesterday to New York. They will pass the late season at Palm Beach.

Mrs. Charlemagne Tower, wife of the late Mr. Charlemagne Tower, Ambassador to Germany, has been visiting her daughter and son-in-law, Major and Mrs. W. A. Robinson.

Mr. D. R. Crisler, former comptroller of the Treasury, entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Willard.

Mrs. Jacob Loose will have guests dining with her tomorrow at the Mayflower.

Mrs. and Mrs. Clarence Goodwin, of Chicago, have arrived at the Carlton for about a week.

Mrs. De Frees Critten and Miss Marjorie Critten will be the guests this afternoon for the last time this season.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Dean Halford have as their guests at the Wardman Park Hotel for the week-end, Mrs. Halford's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. Halford, of Kalamazoo, Mich., who attended the Army and Navy reception at the White House with their hosts last evening.

Mrs. Arthur Heaton entertained at luncheon at the Washington Club yesterday when she had 60 guests.

Maj. and Mrs. William L. Browning had as their guests at dinner last evening at the Mayflower, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Hogan, Mrs. Eugene Boardman, of Hadlyme, Conn., and Mrs. Samuel A. Luttrell.

Mrs. W. M. Sleet entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Wardman Park Hotel, when her guests were Mrs. Elizabeth Northrup and her guest, Mrs. Guy Kilbourne; Mrs. William G. Wheeler, of A. C. J. Williamson, Mrs. E. R. Gasch, Mrs. E. P. Morey, Mrs. Harry K. Daugherty, Mrs. J. T. Newcomb, Mrs. J. L. Loose, Mrs. W. Irving Glover, Mrs. David H. Blair, Mrs. William A. Phillips, Mrs. E. C. Sasser, Mrs. Fred C. Rockwell, Mrs. M. O. Leighton, Mrs. James W. Carmalt, Mrs. E. C. Williamson, Mrs. Paul Turney and Mrs. R. S. Burgess.

Mrs. Caspar Whitney, of New York, has arrived at the Carlton for a short stay. She will return to her home about the end of the week. Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Pachin, of New York, is also at the Carlton for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Blodgett Priest, of St. Louis, are guests at the Mayflower. Mrs. Priest is the daughter of the former Commissioner of the Interstate Commerce Commission and Mrs. Frederick Irving Cox.

Mr. E. Quincy-Smith was the guest of honor at a surprise party on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday at his home at 3617 Quesada street, Chevy Chase, D. C., this afternoon at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Quincy-Smith and her daughter, Miss Dorothy Quincy-Smith, entertained a company of 40 at bridge and a buffet supper was served.

Dr. E. V. McCullum, of Johns Hopkins University, is a guest at the Powhatan National Research Council.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Howard, of Chicago, Ill., are also guests at the Powhatan.

Owing to illness Mrs. John Gardner Ladd is unable to address the French Section Club today. Her place will be filled by Mrs. Frolan Vierpilt.

The literature section of the Woman's Club, of Chevy Chase, will be entertained at the home of Mrs. William L. Thurber, 3617 Quesada street, Chevy Chase, D. C., this afternoon at 8 o'clock. The program "Drama," will be in charge of Mrs. Karl Fenning, assisted by Mrs. Stephen L. Thurber, Mrs. Alex McC Ashley, Mrs. George W. Morey and Mrs. Thomas E. Robertson, of the club, and Miss Sibyl Baker, director of the Community Service Department. Tea will be served at the conclusion of the program. Mrs. Shields, hostess. These meetings are open to all members of the Woman's Club.

Mrs. David Winton, who has been in Boston for a visit, has arrived at the Willard for an indefinite stay.

Mr. F. W. Estabrook, of Nashua, N. H., is passing also a few days at the Willard.

Mrs. Henius Goes Abroad.
Mrs. Erik Henius and her small daughter Eleanor, will go to New York tonight and will sail tomorrow on the Frederick VIII for their home in Copenhagen, Denmark. Mrs. Henius' mother and brother, Mrs. Charles K. Koonos

and Mr. Charles Koonos will accompany her to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Smith, who were quietly married early yesterday morning, entertained at a wedding breakfast after the ceremony at the Grace Dodge Hotel. They started later for New York. The bride was formerly Miss Marie Stillwagon, of Pennsylvania and Washington.

Mrs. Barbara Patterson, wife of Ensign Ralph E. Patterson, is the guest of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Henry Smith. She will go to New York today.

The Minister of Finland, Mr. Axel Leonard Astrom, and the Minister of Roumania, Mr. George Cretzianu, will be the guests of Mme. Ekengren, vice chairman of the Mardi Gras fete, at the ball tomorrow night at the Mayflower Hotel. Other guests in the box party will be Brig. Gen. Augusto Villa, vice chairman of the men's floor committee; Capt. John P. Jackson, also vice chairman of the floor committee, and Mrs. Jackson; Mrs. Hollister Chapman, Mrs. Rushmore Patterson, chairman of music for the ball, Mr. Henry Martyn Clarke and Mrs. Lindsay Russell.

The list of boxholders for the ball is a fine one, and includes the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Andrew J. Mellon; Countess Szechenyi, wife of the Minister of Hungary; Mrs. Hart Koonos, Jr., daughter-in-law of the Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Hoover; Mrs. James Couzens, wife of Senator Couzens of Michigan; Mrs. Guy D. Goff, wife of Senator Goff of West Virginia; Mrs. Lawrence C. Phillips, wife of Senator Phillips of Colorado; Mrs. Charles S. Deane, wife of Senator Deane of Ohio; Mrs. William C. Frothingham, wife of Representative Frothingham of Massachusetts; Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. Ekengren, Mrs. Thomas E. Walsh, Mrs. Walter B. Tucker, Mrs. Anne Archibold, Mrs. Frederic Atherton, Mrs. Frank Bacon and Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton, who have taken a box together. Mrs. Charles J. Bell, Mrs. Deios A. Blodgett, Mrs. John Crayke Simpson, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood, Mrs. William Stephen Corby, Mrs. Richard Parker, Mrs. Samuel Knight, of San Francisco; Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose, Mrs. George T. Mayne, Mrs. Thomas W. Miller, Jr., Mrs. John B. Piet, Mrs. Henry Strong, who has taken two boxes; Mrs. Cabot Stevens, Mrs. Alfred Pembroke Thom, Mrs. Joseph Washington and Mrs. Harold Walker.

Among recent Pacific Coast arrivals are Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph N. Miller, who moved to California on their honeymoon. Mrs. Miller was formerly Miss Dorothy Louise Kampfert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kampfert, formerly of New York, but now of Washington. Mr. Miller is the son of Mr. I. S. Miller of Washington. They have taken up their residence in Los Angeles at Catalina Court.

The Georgetown University Law School will have its usual dance this evening at the Carlton Hotel. About 300 are expected to attend.

Mr. Ernest T. Trigg, of Philadelphia, arrived yesterday at the Willard for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Butler, of Montreal, Canada, are also at the Willard, where they arrived yesterday after a short stay in New York.

Episcopal Ball Committee.
Mr. G. Howard Chase 3d, the chairman of the floor committee for the annual ball to be given at the Willard on Monday, February 20, for the benefit of the Episcopal Relief Fund, has announced as members of his committee Mr. Charles J. Bell, Mr. William Bowie Clarke, Mr. William Phelps Kno, Mr. William K. Ellis, Jr., Mr. C. C. Glover, Jr., Mr. E. A. Hartman, Commander C. Theodore Jewell, Col. J. Miller Kenyon, Mr. George T. Mayne, Dr. Robert C. Randall, Mr. Landra B. Platt, Mr. Ogile R. Singleton, Mr. Manning Stead, Mr. Corcoran Thom, Mr. Benjamin W. Turner, Mr. E. M. Webster and Mr. Richard H. Wilner. Mr. Charles J. Bell is also treasurer for the ball committee.

Mrs. Percival S. Ridsdale, president of the Ladies' Auxiliary of Providence

CONTINUED ON PAGE 18, COLUMN 4

The New Ensemble Models for Spring

FASHION decrees the ensemble for spring wear. The seven-piece length is most popular—the materials and the smart woman effects a completely daring and yet very chic appearance in the ensemble with the tailored hat to match—both in straw and felt.

T-E-N D-O-L-L-A-R-S

Dell Millinery
528 12th St. N.W. Main 1768

Birds, Puppies and Other Pets

FAIRCHILD'S PET SHOP
1219 9th St. N.W. Main 3697

Wedding Gifts of Individuality

Martins
1317 Conn. Ave. Just below Dupont Circle

Delicious Dinner
No cover charge 10 PM

Le Paradis
161 Thomas Circle Washington Street Restaurant

Adventuring with Ann

At the Junksnapper's Shop, 1338 Nineteenth Street just off Dupont Circle, there are any number of lovely old tables, one of inlaid mahogany, one of early walnut, drop leaf. There are also two attractive old tea sets in Colonial blue.

There is no place in Washington where one can dine and dance and more thoroughly enjoy oneself than at Wardman Park Hotel.

The weekly supper dances are crowded to overflowing with Washington's prettiest debutantes and smartest young matrons, and the Saturday night dinner dance given in the ballroom (which, as you know, is lovely) are even gay— if that is possible.

The cabaret changes weekly and is unfailingly clever—the food is delicious and the music (Meyer Davis Orchestra) is not to be surpassed.

Wardman Park Hotel is a small world unto itself and a very delightful world.

Some of the smartest evening slippers this spring are being decorated to match the new flowered chiffons. The Zibbala Christine Studios, 1319 F Street (Room 210), will decorate your slippers beautifully in any shade or design you select.

The most exclusive shops are showing suits and frocks of handwoven material. There is nothing smarter this season.

At the Berta Frey Weaving Studios, 1635 Connecticut Avenue at R Street, you will now find all of the newest wools, may choose your own colors and design and have woven and made exactly the suit or frock you want—most reasonably. As for the new wools, you have never seen anything half so lovely.

It doesn't matter how charming your frock or how smart your newest hat, every woman knows that a tired skin—a skin which is not properly washed and well cared for—will ruin her carefully planned effect.

Yet, how many women know how to care for their skins properly? It isn't a question of a dab of this and a touch of that before you go out or before you go to bed. It's knowing just what your particular skin needs and how to use it.

Lottie Marsden, formerly with Elizabeth Arden, has opened a most attractive place at 1702 Connecticut Avenue, where she will teach you how to care for your skin at home and where she offers advice freely. Phone her for an appointment. North 6709.

"What," I asked a friend, "is the first thing you're going to buy for your new house?"

I asked laughingly, thinking that she would have an amusing time deciding.

But to my amazement she answered immediately and quite seriously, "Trico radiator inclosures. What," she added, "would be the pleasure in selecting curtains and wall papers if I knew that inside of two weeks they would be filthy?"

I knew, of course, that this was true. Are there any of us who haven't groaned over smudged walls and draperies?

The Trico Radiator Cover Co., 1215 Connecticut Avenue, will make these inclosures for you in any style or color that you wish. Stop in and talk to them.

Mrs. Stevens, who has that very lovely little antique shop at 812 Seventeenth Street, has recently made the interior decoration of country houses and apartments part of her work. She will also give estimates on making curtains.

Woodward & Lothrop

A Special Selling

In the Home Frock Section

New Silk Frocks

\$7.95

Every one of these frocks was made to sell at a very much higher price. It is only through an extraordinary purchase that we are able to offer them at this price. You will find them well tailored—of unusually heavy quality crepe de chine and fine quality georgette.

The smartest style notes are here—jabots, surplice closing, yoke back, clever double-breasted styles, bertha collars, hand smocking, monograms, fringe, bolero, side pleating and side drapes. Styles to suit every woman—a wide range of sizes—and the newest colors.

HOME FROCK SECTION, THIRD FLOOR.

Today and Tomorrow are the last days of the

Demonstration and Fashion Showing of CELANESE FABRICS

10:30 A. M. to 4:30 P. M. each day

Miss Barbara Butler, of New York, is here to show you the unusual qualities of Celanese Fabrics. They are exceedingly lovely—yet marvelously practical and most modestly priced. They are fast to sun and suds—even to perspiration—flawless in texture—and free from wrinkling.

Variety of Weaves

Printed Skyline Celanese Ninon	.....\$2.25 yard	Printed Celanese Satin	.....\$3.50 yard
Printed Celanese Voile	.....\$1.65 yard	Moire Celanese	.....\$3.50 yard
Plain Celanese Satin	.....\$2.25 yard	Taffeta Celanese	.....\$2 yard
Celanese Crepes	.....\$2.75 yard		

Miss Butler, Assisted by Another Model, Will Wear These Fabrics in Many Smart Frocks Made Up from Vogue, McCall and Butterick Patterns, from our Pattern Section.

CELANESE SECTION, SECOND FLOOR.

WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE

CARTER'S
UNDERWEARReduced to
\$2.25

Carter's union suits of fine mercerized white cotton yarn, well-fitting garments; ankle length or short—long or short sleeves. An exceptional value!

All Sizes

Raleigh Haberdasher
1310 F Street
INC.

Greatly Reduced Fares

IT COSTS LESS
TRAVEL BY TRAINTHE SAFEST
THE MOST COMFORTABLE
THE MOST RELIABLE

Tickets sold daily	
Round trip tickets, between stations distance 150 miles or less	Limit 1 day from date sale One and a third (1 and 1/3) fare for round trip only 2.4c a mile
Round trip tickets, between stations distance 150 miles or less	Limit 5 days from date sale One and a half (1 and 1/2) fare for round trip only 2.7c a mile

Between any two stations on Southern Railway System for period 6 months.	
Good for individual purchases and between stations distance 200 miles or less.	
The 10-trip ticket	25c
The 20-trip ticket	30c
The 30-trip ticket	35c

For further information see any Southern Railway System Ticket Agent or WHITE

E. N. AIKEN, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

Vital Statistics

BIRTHS REPORTED.

Richard E. and Ruth Leith, girl.
Edward E. and Virginia Gifford, girl.
Robert W. and Helen M. Blanchard, boy.
Walter A. and Mildred Buck, boy.
Alfred T. and Gladys Newbold, boy.
A. E. and Mary E. Daymond, girl.
Charles W. and Ethel M. Cox, girl.
Angelo and Televina Quattrocchi, boy.
Carl O. and Christine Christensen, boy.
James H. and Helena Foster, boy.
Henry and Caroline Smith, boy.
Collier and Caroline Bursey, girl.
Thomas W. and Ida E. Nelson, girl.
Arthur and Katie Keres, girl.
Charles and Bernice Willis, girl.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

James H. Douglas, 23, and Addie E. Ebb, 19.
The Rev. D. R. Rice.
Helen E. Lee, 18, and The Rev. C. T. Warner, 42.
Nunzio Zera, 31, and Emma Di Marco, 21, both of Huntington, N. J.
The Rev. H. M. Hennig.
William B. Tally, 26, and Clara Winder, 26.
The Rev. T. A. Cunningham.
Harry Johnson, 40, and Edith Johnson, 42.
The Rev. E. C. Johnson.
The Rev. W. H. Johnson.
Orie Worton, 24, and Elizabeth Mayes, 19.
The Rev. A. J. Jones.
Lena Childs, 29, and Mestoria Moore, 18.
The Rev. A. J. Olds.
The Rev. L. J. Schenck.
The Rev. J. Myers, 21, and Frances Berardin, 19.
The Rev. H. W. Johnson.
David Johnson, 36, and Sarah Evans, 32.
August K. Heupel, 23, and Helen Hanna, 19.
The Rev. U. G. H. Pierce.
Charles V. Scroggs, 25, and Blanche E. Mitchell, 18.
The Rev. E. C. Primm.
David Fader, 25, and Paul Ross, both of Baltimore.
The Rev. G. Silverstone.
Thomas Wise, 22, and Jennie Woodward, 19.
The Rev. A. J. Olds.
The Rev. W. D. Davis.
George T. Sparks, 25, and Dolores C. Ackerman, 23.
The Rev. J. C. Broderick.
Howard Hart, 23, and Laura L. Hough, 19, of New Middleton, Ohio.
The Rev. W. J. Hoffman.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Octave Charles, 90 yrs., 24 1/2 at. nw.
Elizabeth K. Prescott, 87 yrs., 2033 P at. nw.
Henry Fairfax, 82 yrs., 1804 G at. nw.
Agnes M. Albrecht, 81 yrs., 4625 W at. ave.

BEWARE THE
COUGH OR COLD
THAT HANGS ON

Persistent coughs and colds lead to serious trouble. You can stop them now with Creomulsion, an emulsified creosote that is pleasant to take. Creomulsion is a new medical discovery with a two-fold action: It soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and inhibits germ growth.

Of all known drugs, creosote is recognized by high medical authorities as one of the greatest healing agencies for persistent coughs and colds and other forms of throat troubles. Creomulsion contains, in addition to creosote, other healing elements which soothe and heal the inflamed membranes and stop the irritation and inflammation, while the creosote goes on to the stomach is absorbed into the blood, attacks the seat of the trouble and checks the growth of the germs.

Creomulsion is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of persistent coughs and colds, bronchitis, asthma, bronchitis and other forms of respiratory diseases, and is excellent for building up the system after colds or flu. Money refunded if any cough or cold is not relieved after taking according to directions. Ask your druggist.—Adv

ADMIRAL'S DAUGHTER,
15, WINS GOLD MEDALMiss Moffett Writes the Best
Essay on New Hampshire
in Revolution.

Miss Margaret Elizabeth Moffett, 15-year-old daughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. William A. Moffett, of 2019 Massachusetts avenue northwest, has been awarded the gold medal offered annually by the Sons of the Revolution for her prize-winning essay on "What Weight Should Be Given to New Hampshire's Part in the War of the Revolution?"

Miss Moffett is a student in the junior class at the Misses Eastman's School, 1305 Seventeenth street northwest. The competition was open to all students of private and public schools in the District.

Gen. John J. Pershing will present the medal Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock at the Washington's birthday celebration in the National Theater. The award was made by a board of judges consisting of Dr. George E. Maclean, John H. Bartlett and J. Franklin Jameson.

Flora O. Martin, 80 yrs., 1375 N. C. ave. ne.
Bernestine M. Roberts, 78 yrs., 4363 Euclid at. nw.
Frank G. Collins, 76 yrs., 1413 Hopkins nv.
George T. Munford, 72 yrs., 3224 Northampton at. nw.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS

New York, Feb. 16.

ARRIVED THURSDAY.

Estonia, from Danzig.
Athenia, from Glasgow.
Saurin, from Trieste.

SAILED FRIDAY.

Hugh, for Accra.
Sail Saturday.

REPORTED BY RADIO.

Antonia, for London.
Athenia, for Glasgow.
Chester, for Liverpool.
Devonian, for Antwerp.
Frederik VIII, for Copenhagen.
Gnaaseid, from Rotterdam.
President Roosevelt, on Mediterranean cruise, for Bremen.
Stavanger, for Bergen.

DEPARTURES BY RADIO.

De Grasse, from Havre, due at pier 57, North River, Friday.
Muenchen, from Bremen, due at pier 42, North River, Sunday.
Arabic, from Antwerp, due at pier 61, North River, Monday.
Columbia, from Genoa, due at pier 97, North River, Monday.
Hamburg, from Rotterdam, due at pier 86, North River, Monday.
Minnetonka, from London, due at pier 58, North River, Monday.
Edinboro, from Patras, due at pier 5, Brooklyn, Monday.
Olympic, from Southampton, due at pier 59, North River, Tuesday.
American Merchant, from London, due at pier 7, North River, Tuesday.
Austrian, from Liverpool, due at pier 54, North River, Tuesday.
Celtic, from Liverpool, due at pier 60, North River, Tuesday.
Stockholm, from Genoa, due at pier 97, North River, Tuesday.
President Harrison, from Marseilles, due at pier 9, Jersey City, Tuesday.
Paris, from Havre, due at pier 57, North River, Wednesday.

The Weather

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

Sun rises.....6:50 High tide.....4:45 5:10
Sun sets.....5:46 Low tide.....1:25 2:00

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
Washington, Thursday, Feb. 16—8 p. m.

Forecast: For the District of Columbia, increasing cloudiness Friday, followed by rain Friday night and early Saturday morning, followed by fair and colder; moderate south winds.

For Maryland, increasing cloudiness Friday, followed by rain at night; Saturday cloudy and colder, fresh southwest winds.

The New England disturbance of Wednesday night is now Newfoundland, Belle Isle, 20-22 inches, while the disturbance that was over northwestern Florida has advanced rapidly east-northeastward, being central north of Bermuda. The low-pressure area that was over New Mexico has advanced southeastward to the mouth of the Rio Grande, Brownsville, 20-20 inches, while it will move northeastward. Another disturbance that was over Saskatchewan Thursday morning is advancing southeastward, being central over northeastern Nebraska, Sioux City, Iowa, 20-22 inches. High pressure covers the Rocky Mountains and plateau regions with an offshoot over New Mexico. The low-pressure area that was over the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic and middle Atlantic States, and light snows over the southern region, the plains States and the lake region. Temperatures have fallen in the last 24 hours, with a cold wave from the east. High temperatures have occurred in the Gulf, the South Atlantic and middle Atlantic States, and light snows over the southern region, the plains States and the lake region. Temperatures have fallen in the last 24 hours, with a cold wave from the east. High temperatures have occurred in the Gulf, the South Atlantic and middle Atlantic States, and light snows over the southern region, the plains States and the lake region.

The outlook is for considerable cloudiness Friday and Saturday in the east of the Mississippi River, with rain Friday in the south Atlantic and east Gulf States, Ohio Valley, with rain Friday, changing to snow Friday night, in the lower lake region; snow Friday night, in the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region and the west portion of the east Gulf States. On Saturday, rain will be in the Washington forecast district.

Local Weather Report.
Temperature—Midnight, 44; 2 a. m., 42; 4 a. m., 41; 6 a. m., 41; 8 a. m., 41; 10 a. m., 41; 12 noon, 42; 2 p. m., 45; 4 p. m., 46; 6 p. m., 45; 8 p. m., 45; 10 p. m., 44. Highest, 47. Lowest, 41.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 71; 2 p. m., 68; 8 p. m., 72. Rainfall—24 hours, 0.00. Hours of sunshine, 1.0. Per cent of possible sunshine, 10. Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1928, 157 degrees. Excess of temperature since February 1, 1928, 23 degrees. Accumulated deficiency of precipitation since January 1, 1928, 1.06 inches. Deficiency of precipitation since February 1, 1928, 0.34 inch.

Flying Weather Forecast.

Forecast of flying weather for February 17, 1928.

Washington to Long Island, N. Y.—Sky very overcast Friday; fresh southwest winds increasing to 1,000 feet and fresh to strong west at 5,000 feet.

Washington to Norfolk, Va.—Overcast sky Friday; moderate southwest winds near Washington and moderate east shifting to southeast and increasing near Norfolk to strong west at 5,000 feet.

Norfolk, Va., to Atlanta, Ga.—Overcast sky Friday; fresh southwest winds up to 1,000 feet and strong west at 5,000 feet.

Atlanta, Ga., to Raleigh, N. C.—Overcast sky Friday; fresh southwest winds up to 1,000 feet and strong west at 5,000 feet.

Raleigh, N. C., to Richmond, Va.—Overcast sky Friday; fresh southwest winds up to 1,000 feet and strong west at 5,000 feet.

Richmond, Va., to Washington, D. C.—Overcast sky Friday; fresh southwest winds up to 1,000 feet and strong west at 5,000 feet.

Temperatures and Precipitation, 24 hours ended Thursday, 8 p. m.

Highest Low Thurs. Rain.
Thurs. night 8 p. m. fall.

Washington, D. C., 47 41 48 0.05
Ashville, N. C., 44 38 48 0.14
Atlanta, Ga., 52 38 48 0.18
Baltimore, Md., 48 40 41 0.01
Birmingham, Ala., 56 38 48 0.02
Boston, Mass., 44 38 40 0.02
Buffalo, N. Y., 40 32 40 0.02
Cincinnati, Ohio, 32 30 32 0.02
Cheyenne, Wyo., 26 0 22 0.00
Cleveland, Ohio, 34 32 34 0.00
Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, 32 24 32 0.00
Denver, Colo., 30 2 32 0.00
Des Moines, Iowa, 32 24 32 0.00
Detroit, Mich., 38 30 34 0.00
Duluth, Minn., 14 10 16 0.00
El Paso, Tex., 40 36 36 0.10
Evansville, Ind., 46 44 46 0.00
Harrisburg, Pa., 46 44 46 0.00
Indianapolis, Ind., 36 30 34 0.01
Jacksonville, Fla., 64 44 54 0.36
Kansas City, Mo., 42 28 40 0.00
Little Rock, Ark., 50 32 46 0.00
Los Angeles, Calif., 64 44 64 0.00
Louisville, Ky., 42 32 38 0.02
Marquette, Mich., 46 32 46 0.00
Memphis, Tenn., 46 32 46 0.00
Miami, Fla., 80 72 76 0.00
Mobile, Ala., 56 40 52 0.00
New Orleans, La., 52 42 46 0.01
New York, N. Y., 40 36 40 0.00
North Platte, Neb., 42 34 38 0.00
Omaha, Neb., 46 34 46 0.00
Philadelphia, Pa., 46 40 46 0.00
Phoenix, Ariz., 58 30 54 0.00
Pittsburgh, Pa., 42 36 46 0.00
Portland, Ore., 54 34 54 0.00
Portland, Me., 42 30 38 0.00
St. Louis, Mo., 42 30 38 0.00
St. Paul, Minn., 28 14 28 0.00
San Antonio, Tex., 48 40 46 0.00
San Diego, Calif., 62 38 62 0.00
San Francisco, Calif., 64 40 64 0.00
Santa Fe, N. Mex., 22 16 20 0.16
Savannah, Ga., 68 44 68 0.00
Seattle, Wash., 48 38 48 0.00
Springfield, Ill., 28 28 28 0.00
Tampa, Fla., 72 68 72 0.08
Toledo, Ohio, 36 32 34 0.00
Vicksburg, Miss., 56 34 52 0.00

Mothers, Do This—

When the children cough, rub Musterole on their throats and chests. No telling how soon the symptoms may develop into croup, or worse. And then's when you're glad you have a jar of Musterole at hand to give prompt relief.

As first aid, Musterole is excellent. Keep a jar ready for instant use.

It is the remedy for adults, too. Relieves sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, chilblains, frosted feet and colds of the chest (to may prevent pneumonia).

To Mothers: Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole.

Jars & Tubes

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER
Better than a mustard plaster

SWEET PEAS
75c bunch

Week-End Specials
Featuring beautiful Sweet Peas for our current week-end "leader"—and the price is only 75c bunch.

Blooming Plants, \$1
Roses, \$1.98 Dozen

Cash & Carry Flower Stores
Flowers Delivered Free—Nominal Charge on Other Orders
807 14th Street N.W. Phone Franklin 5442
804 17th Street N.W. Phone Franklin 10391

AMUSEMENTS

LOEW'S PALACE

Continuous, 10:30 A. M. to 11 P. M.

LAST TIMES TODAY

NORMA TALMADGE
In *Beano's Stage Success*,
"THE DOVE"
—ON THE STAGE—
JOY BELLS REVUE

TOMORROW

WILLIAM HAINES
A Spirited Romance,
"WEST POINT"
—ON THE STAGE—
"STEPS AND STEPPERS" REVUE

LOEW'S COLUMBIA

Continuous, 10:30 to 11 P. M.

LAST TIMES TODAY

EMIL JANNINGS
In His Great Character Study,
"THE LAST COMMAND"

TOMORROW

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In His Latest and Funniest Picture,
"THE CIRCUS"

SAT. 2:30 SHUBERT BELASCO AT 8:30

Ment. Messrs. Shubert.
The Sensation of New York and London.

BROADWAY

THE STREET OF THE WORLD
Famous Drama of Cabaret, Girls, Actors,
Night Life Characters, Etc.

NEXT WEEK—SEATS NOW

The Season's outstanding Event
Messmore Kendall Presents
KATHARINE CORNELL
AND LONDON "THE LETTER"

Cornell is considered the outstanding figure among our younger actresses. "The Letter" is a beautifully written, perfectly acted and well staged.

Staged by Guthrie McClintic.
NIGHTS, \$3.50 to 50c. WED. & SAT. MATS., \$2.50 to 50c.

Mon., Feb. 27—One Week Only

Winthrop Ames' Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company
Even. & Sat. Mat.
Wed. & Sat. Mat.
Tues. Thurs.
Eves. & Sat. Mat.
Wed. & Sat. Mat.
Sat. Mat.
Eves.
Mail Orders Now. Send self-addressed stamped envelope with proper remittance.
NIGHTS—\$1.00 to \$2.75. 51c. Bal. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. WED. MAT. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. SAT. MAT. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. GAL. 50c.

TEA DANCE

In the Moorish courtyard! Where floor and music are as smooth as those in a Sultan's Palace—ten dainties enough to appease the Fates! He's a favorite!

RESTAURANT MADRILLON

New Washington Building
15th St. & New York Ave.
Phone Franklin 8169
Supper Dancing Hours
55c \$1.00 \$1.50 \$2.00

Also a la Carte
Entertainment by Lita Lopez During Dinner and Supper Dancing Hours

TEA DANCING

Saturday and Sunday Afternoon
75c
All Inclusive
Artist Night Wednesdays
No Cover Charge
At Any Time

MME. SIGRID

ONEGIN

CONTRALTO
POLY'S, Fri., Feb. 17th, 4:30
Seats Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droup's, 13th & O Main 6485.

FRITZ

KREISLER

POLY'S, Tues., Feb. 21, 4:30
Seats Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droup's, 13th & O Main 6485.

LACTOBACILLUS ACIDOPHILUS MILK

For intestinal disorder. Ask your physician about it. Send for booklet.

National Vaccine & Antitoxin Institute
P.O. Box 20
1315 Van Ness N. W.

AMUSEMENTS

NATIONAL ZIEGFELD

Continuous, 10:30 A. M. to 11 P. M.

LAST TIMES TODAY

DENNIS KING
In *Beano's Stage Success*,
"THE DOVE"
—ON THE STAGE—
JOY BELLS REVUE

TOMORROW

WILLIAM HAINES
A Spirited Romance,
"WEST POINT"
—ON THE STAGE—
"STEPS AND STEPPERS" REVUE

LOEW'S COLUMBIA

Continuous, 10:30 to 11 P. M.

LAST TIMES TODAY

EMIL JANNINGS
In His Great Character Study,
"THE LAST COMMAND"

TOMORROW

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In His Latest and Funniest Picture,
"THE CIRCUS"

SAT. 2:30 SHUBERT BELASCO AT 8:30

Ment. Messrs. Shubert.
The Sensation of New York and London.

BROADWAY

THE STREET OF THE WORLD
Famous Drama of Cabaret, Girls, Actors,
Night Life Characters, Etc.

NEXT WEEK—SEATS NOW

The Season's outstanding Event
Messmore Kendall Presents
KATHARINE CORNELL
AND LONDON "THE LETTER"

Cornell is considered the outstanding figure among our younger actresses. "The Letter" is a beautifully written, perfectly acted and well staged.

Staged by Guthrie McClintic.
NIGHTS, \$3.50 to 50c. WED. & SAT. MATS., \$2.50 to 50c.

Mon., Feb. 27—One Week Only

Winthrop Ames' Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company
Even. & Sat. Mat.
Wed. & Sat. Mat.
Tues. Thurs.
Eves. & Sat. Mat.
Wed. & Sat. Mat.
Sat. Mat.
Eves.
Mail Orders Now. Send self-addressed stamped envelope with proper remittance.
NIGHTS—\$1.00 to \$2.75. 51c. Bal. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. WED. MAT. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. SAT. MAT. \$1.00 to \$1.50. Gal. 50c. GAL. 50c.

TEA DANCE

In the Moorish courtyard! Where floor and music are as smooth as those in a Sultan's Palace—ten dainties enough to appease the Fates! He's a favorite!

RESTAURANT MADRILLON

New Washington Building
15th St. & New York Ave.
Phone Franklin 8169
Supper Dancing Hours
55c \$1.00 \$1.50 \$2.00

Also a la Carte
Entertainment by Lita Lopez During Dinner and Supper Dancing Hours

TEA DANCING

Saturday and Sunday Afternoon
75c
All Inclusive
Artist Night Wednesdays
No Cover Charge
At Any Time

MME. SIGRID

ONEGIN

CONTRALTO
POLY'S, Fri., Feb. 17th, 4:30
Seats Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droup's, 13th & O Main 6485.

FRITZ

KREISLER

POLY'S, Tues., Feb. 21, 4:30
Seats Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droup's, 13th & O Main 6485.

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For intestinal disorder. Ask your physician about it. Send for booklet.

National Vaccine & Antitoxin Institute
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WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING

Clocks Called For—Delivered—Guaranteed

MANTEL and GRANDFATHER CLOCKS

A Specialty
TRIBBY'S
615-15th Street
MAIN 7103
Next to Keith's

Coffee critics approve the rich full-bodied flavor of Town Club Coffee

Town Club Coffee
M. J. VING CO.

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FOLLOWING EARLY LOSSES

Selling Is Well Distributed;

Few Stocks Fail to Yield

to Pressure.

UTILITIES GAIN SLIGHTLY

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Feb. 16.—Stocks were

thrown on the market in large volume

today and prices gave way rather freely

until late in the session, when there

was a moderately strong rally which

cut down some of the early losses and

checked the downward movement.

The market was fairly well

enough for them to finish in the plus

column by a fair margin. A few of the

old leaders, such as General Motors,

United States Steel, American Can and

General Electric, reacted good support

during most of the session and held

steady. In the case of many of the

specialties, however, there was scarcely

any support and the drop was

considerable. The market was

inclined to throw in their holdings when

the opportunity was presented

and the market was fairly well

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1928.

Issue.

Sale High Low Last Chg. Bid

Abbiti Pow. new

Adams Express (6)

Adv. Rummy

Adv. Rummy

Alaska Juneau

Albany W.P.M. (7) OL

Alliance Realty (2) OL

Allis Chalm. Mfg. (6)

Am. Beet Sugar (2)

Am. Beet Sugar

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1928.

Issue.

Sale High Low Last Chg. Bid

Fed. L. & Tr. pf. (6)

Federal Mort. Bn. pf. (7)

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1928.

Issue.

Sale High Low Last Chg. Bid

Penn. R.R. (3%)

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CROWN'S BEST TAKES LEAD IN RACE ON SLOW TRACK

Colt Wins Over New Orleans Favorite

Westmount Beaten by 3 Lengths; Third to Referendum.

Dr. Cardenas Is First Choice to Score in Fifteen Races.

FAIR GROUNDS, New Orleans, Feb. 16 (A.P.)—The Greenlee Stable, which has been the favorite in the Elmer's Trophy purse here today, it was the first time that Crown's best had been asked to run over a long route, and the clever manner in which he performed over the route in the mud showed him to be a good colt in this going.

Westmount, favorite, landed second money, and Referendum third. There were only three starters, and Westmount jumped away to a long lead, but after running a good six furlongs, began to stop. Crown's best moved up fast, took the lead, and won by three lengths. Westmount was four lengths ahead of Referendum.

Ten maiden 2-year-olds paraded in the first event, and Virman, in T. W. (Chicago) O'Brien's silks, was an easy winner. It was his first appearance under silks and he made a runaway race of it. The result was never in doubt after the start.

Virman rushed into a long lead and won by four lengths. Sport came with a rush and landed second money by a half length. Over Nora D. Venable's colt, which when the real racing began, the track was heavy.

In a driving finish Senator Seth, under Deprema's energetic ride, scored a half-length victory in the second event. Angry Mood was second and Colonel Drage third. There was a lot of rough riding in the race in which Angry Mood was the chief sufferer. However, he recovered quickly and finished fast and almost got up to win. Senator Seth, however, held on to win by half a length. Angry Mood was placed by a length from Drage.

P. Reuter's Medley, on a track that he liked, proved an easy winner of the third event, a 6-furlong sprint. The colt ran the distance in the splendid time of 1:14 1/2, considering the fact that the track conditions were so bad. Brilliant, the favorite, finished second, with Westmount third.

Withcutm made the early running, leading by a small margin to the stretch, where Medley came fast, took command, and easily by a length and a half. Brilliant was five lengths ahead of Withcutm.

Dr. Cardenas won the fifth race, and he broke the losing streak of Virman, who was the first favorite to win the last five races, and the players were a bit jubilant over his victory. Pandey ran second and Runbank third. Pandey made the early running, but in the stretch Dr. Cardenas came with a rush and, under strong riding, won by half a length going away. Pandey defeated Runbank by six lengths.

HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, \$800; claiming for 3-year-olds and upward. Many 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, 11s, 12s, 13s, 14s, 15s, 16s, 17s, 18s, 19s, 20s, 21s, 22s, 23s, 24s, 25s, 26s, 27s, 28s, 29s, 30s, 31s, 32s, 33s, 34s, 35s, 36s, 37s, 38s, 39s, 40s, 41s, 42s, 43s, 44s, 45s, 46s, 47s, 48s, 49s, 50s, 51s, 52s, 53s, 54s, 55s, 56s, 57s, 58s, 59s, 60s, 61s, 62s, 63s, 64s, 65s, 66s, 67s, 68s, 69s, 70s, 71s, 72s, 73s, 74s, 75s, 76s, 77s, 78s, 79s, 80s, 81s, 82s, 83s, 84s, 85s, 86s, 87s, 88s, 89s, 90s, 91s, 92s, 93s, 94s, 95s, 96s, 97s, 98s, 99s, 100s, 101s, 102s, 103s, 104s, 105s, 106s, 107s, 108s, 109s, 110s, 111s, 112s, 113s, 114s, 115s, 116s, 117s, 118s, 119s, 120s, 121s, 122s, 123s, 124s, 125s, 126s, 127s, 128s, 129s, 130s, 131s, 132s, 133s, 134s, 135s, 136s, 137s, 138s, 139s, 140s, 141s, 142s, 143s, 144s, 145s, 146s, 147s, 148s, 149s, 150s, 151s, 152s, 153s, 154s, 155s, 156s, 157s, 158s, 159s, 160s, 161s, 162s, 163s, 164s, 165s, 166s, 167s, 168s, 169s, 170s, 171s, 172s, 173s, 174s, 175s, 176s, 177s, 178s, 179s, 180s, 181s, 182s, 183s, 184s, 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ADVISORY COUNCIL APPROVES SENATE JURY SERVICE BILL

Would Make Federal and District Employees Eligible in Government Cases.

CITY FISCAL RELATIONS ACTION TO BE SOUGHT

Aid of Other Organizations Assured in Forming of Committees.

The Senate bill proposing to make eligible for jury service District employees in Federal cases and Federal employees in District cases, was approved by the Citizens Advisory Council at a meeting last night in the District Building.

The council took definite action toward obtaining at this session of Congress a settlement of the fiscal relations controversy existing between the District and the Federal Government. On a motion made by Dr. George C. Havenner, the decision was reached that a committee of three should be appointed to try to persuade Congress to appoint a fiscal relations commission.

Cooperation Is Promised.

It was suggested that the committee work with like committees appointed by the Federation of Citizens Associations and the Federation of Civic Associations. H. K. Bush-Brown, chairman of the fiscal relations committee of the Federation of Citizens Associations, agreed to bring before that body the proposition of appointing such a committee, and Dr. George Richardson said he would bring the matter before the Federation of Civic Associations.

The council came to the conclusion after discussing for half the evening a report relative to the appointment of a commission by Bush-Brown, representing the Federation.

The discussion centered upon the question of whether the commission should be permanent or temporary, but it was decided to leave this matter with Congress.

Kidnaping Bill Approved.

The Senate bill prescribing a penalty for kidnaping and holding for ransom was approved. The pending child labor bill was approved, with the suggested amendment that the Board of Education be given a degree of discretion in being permitted to issue permits on certain conditions.

The two boxing bills pending before Congress which would establish amateur boxing in the District and appoint a commission to control it were disapproved. The report on the bills was made by George Beson.

The bill authorizing the acquisition of the Reno subdivision was disapproved in the adoption of a resolution reported by Dr. Havenner. Dr. Havenner's objections were that the bill was too indefinite as to the space for a reservoir, playgrounds, school sites, parks and the like, and that these matters should be handled through the regular budget channels. The new police regulation covering the sale and discharge of pyrotechnics was approved. James G. Yaden presided.

Wife Deserted Him, Husband, Suing, Says

Bernard L. Stearns, an automobile salesman, 2119 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, defendant in a maintenance suit filed in Equity Court by Mrs. Mary A. Stearns, 5712 Georgia avenue northwest, says that his wife left him immediately after the marriage ceremony on October 4, 1916, and remained away from him for several weeks, filed a cross-bill against her yesterday for an absolute divorce.

Through Attorney P. J. Sedgwick, the salesman says that during these weeks he was permitted to see her occasionally and was directed to turn his wages over to her mother, Mrs. Roberta V. Conby, who is described by Stearns as a "thorn in the flesh."

Divorced Husband Fighting Alimony

Joseph Harrison, 915 Fifteenth street northwest, will ask the Equity Court this morning to set aside an order requiring him to pay \$15 a week temporary alimony to Mrs. Elsie K. Harrison, 1608 Varum street northwest, whom he says is no longer his wife.

Mrs. Harrison sued for an absolute divorce, but Harrison obtained a decree for absolute divorce against her in Arlington County on December 27, 1927.

On one occasion Mrs. Harrison attempted to prevent the prosecution of Harrison's divorce action in Virginia, but was denied an injunction by Justice Hoehling.

Gold Star Mothers Will Protect Trees

Protection of the memorial tree markers placed along Sixteenth street in honor of Washington's heroes who lost their lives in the World War is to be undertaken by the Gold Star Department of the District War Mothers, the chapter headquarters at a meeting at the Hamilton Hotel.

The society decided yesterday to meet regularly at the Hamilton Hotel on the Monday before the second Friday of each month.

Georgia Society Carnival.

The Valentine carnival of the Georgia State Society will be held tonight at 8:30 o'clock in the Meridian Mansions, 2400 Sixteenth street northwest. An attractive musical and entertainment program has been arranged. Maxey Mayo, secretary, announced.

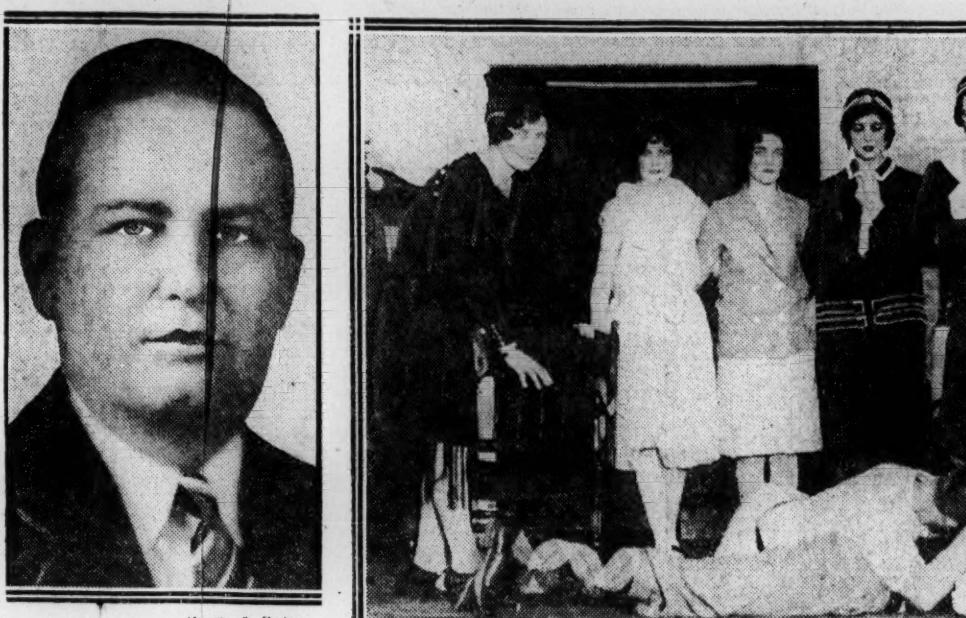
HERE ARE THE ANSWERS

- To Questions on Magazine Page
1. The late Andrew Carnegie was born in Scotland.
 2. Geoffrey Chaucer, author of the "Canterbury Tales," lived from 1340-1400.
 3. A cantaloupe is a kind of muskmelon, named from Cantalupo, Italy, where it was first grown.
 4. Cloves are the dried flower buds of a tropical tree.
 5. Honore de Balzac wrote the "Comedie Humaine."
 6. Becky Sharp is a character in "Vanity Fair."
 7. Margaret Anglin is an actress.
 8. Alonzo XIII is King of Spain.
 9. The Cathedral of Milan is in the City of Milan in northern Italy.
 10. The Society of the Cincinnati, a still-existing patriotic society, was organized in 1783 by the American and foreign officers of the Continental army. (Copyright, 1928.)

NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES



SHRINE. Work on the George Washington Memorial, situated on a high knoll overlooking the historic City of Alexandria, Va., is rapidly being completed. It is being built by the Free Masons of the United States.



CHAIRMAN. Edward K. Ryan, in charge of the annual "prom" of the Georgetown University Law School to be held tonight at the Carlton Hotel.

CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.

Hospital, has announced that the annual spring carnival will be held on Tuesday, April 17, in Keith's Theater at 11 o'clock that morning.

Mrs. Charles M. Waterman, of Davenport, Iowa, is passing some time at the Hotel Gratton.

The Gamma Nu Sigma will entertain at a dance tonight at the Grace Dodge Hotel. There will be about 40 couples.

The Congressional Club will be at home this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The guest of honor will be Mr. Charles Moore. There will be an illustrated lecture followed by tea.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Felthelm, of 1383 Parkway Place, will be at home Sunday from 4 to 10 p. m. to celebrate their fifth wedding anniversary.

Mrs. C. W. Allen will preside at the tea table, assisted by Mrs. Walter B. Howe, Miss Helen Augusta Colthoun, Mrs. Henry Jones Ford, Miss Willard Howe, Mrs. Edward Stone, Mrs. Dorothy Watson, Miss Genevieve Henricks, Mrs. Ann Watson Ayres, Mrs. Marie Sprinkle, Miss Elsie Gibbs, Mrs. Virginia Buford, Mrs. Lena Gibbs, Mrs. Irene Cheney, Mrs. Sarah Catherine Coles and Mrs. Emmet Murphy, at the tea in honor of Mrs. Johanna Gadske Taucher, to be given by the District League of American Pen Women this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Dr. Anita Harris Boggs will receive, assisted by Miss Patricia Fox Bennett, Miss Alice Hutchins Drake, Miss Elizabeth Maltby Barnes, Miss Irene Juno and Mrs. Peggy Albion. Acceptances have been received from members of the diplomatic corps, the German Society of Washington and many prominent persons in the musical and social world.

The Bay Ridge Civic Association entertained at a supper dance last evening at the Grace Dodge Hotel. The guests, numbering about 70, included the members of the club, all of whom are summer residents of Bay Ridge, Md., and a number of other guests. There was bridge in addition to the dancing; also a program of music. Dr. Grant S. Barnhart was chairman of the committee in charge of the party and was assisted by Mrs. Custis, wife of Dr. Custis; Mrs. Andrew Loffler and Mrs. Frank Hines. Mr. Wilbur B. Putnam, president of the club, received the guests.

Mrs. Frank Morrison announces that at the tea of the Political Study Club tomorrow afternoon at the Washington Club, 1010 Seventeenth street, Mrs.

Clarence C. Dill will be guest of honor. Dr. Alexander Hanneman, who has arranged the musical program, will present Miss Mary O'Donoghue in a group of descriptive songs. Mrs. Wesley L. Jones, wife of Senator Jones, and Mrs. Lindley A. Hadley, wife of Representative Hade Kincheloe of Kentucky, will be assisted in the dining room by Mrs. Albert Johnson, Mrs. Henry O'Malley and Mrs. Dan Sutherland. Senator Clarence C. Dill will address the club on radio control during the meeting preceding the tea.

The National Press Club will celebrate George Washington's birthday anniversary by entertaining at a dinner and dance in their new quarters.

Mrs. Gertrude Lyons, director of music of the Women's City Club Chorus, will appear with this group of entertainers on the program this evening at 8 o'clock at the Women's City Club "county fair," at the clubhouse, 22 Jackson place. Mr. Benjamin Cain, Jr., playing his own accompaniment on the banjo, will sing groups of negro melodies. Miss Vieta Droney will give selections from Mrs. Fiske. A short program by Mrs. Kincheloe, wife of Representative Kincheloe of Kentucky, pianist and soprano soloist, will be followed by Miss Kincheloe in a fantastic dance. Miss Esme Reeder and Mr. Dan Valdez will sing. Mrs. Kincheloe at the piano will accompany the dancers. Mrs. John Mock is chairman of entertainment. The club is keeping "open house" from 2 until 10 p. m. Mrs. J. Garfield Riley and members of the executive board will be hostesses.

Interest in Y. W. C. A. Play.

Much interest is being shown in the annual play by the young business and professional women of the Young Women's Christian Association, which is to be given tonight and tomorrow evening at the Shrine in Barker Hall, Seventeenth and K streets.

The play, which is presented under the direction of Mrs. Alice Sigworth Morse, with Miss Bertha Pabst, of the business and professional department, in charge of arrangements, will be "Rachel Crothers' '39 East," and it is being given for the benefit of the fund raised each year to send delegates to the summer conferences of the Y. W. C. A. throughout the East.

The cast of characters is composed entirely of young women, and the great success which has attended their previous performances is inspiring two capacity audiences for this year's play.

Those who will take part are Miss Lillian B. Krause, Miss Eleanor Higgs, Miss Kathryn Pierce, Miss Martena Tenney, Miss Florence Sauer, Miss Ruth A. Westergren, Miss Mabelle Boyce, Miss Rae Grieg, Miss E. Ruth Dabney, Miss Margaret Ringrose, Miss Elizabeth Roland, Miss Lillian Clement and Miss Mabel Dabney.

A musical program will be given preceding the drama and the acts of the play by Mr. Victor George, violinist, with Miss Edith Dawson at the piano.

Mrs. Jesse W. Nicholson, president of the National Woman's Democratic Law Enforcement League, went yesterday to Winchester, Va., where she was the guest of the Winchester Rotary Club at luncheon, after which she addressed the club. Later in the afternoon she was the guest of honor at a tea of the D. A. R. in the City Library. Last night she was the principal speaker and guest of honor at a dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. John Walker.

St. Peter's card party will be held this evening in the Willard and Fairfax rooms of the New Willard Hotel. Those in charge of arrangements are Miss Gretchen Baden, Mrs. Sims, Mrs. H. E. Keiller, Miss Katherine Shea, Mrs. O. M. Kennedy and Mrs. John O'Connell.

The annual prom of the Georgetown University School of Law, a new departure in which all seven classes are combining, will be given this evening at the Carlton Hotel, with dancing from 10 until 2 o'clock.

Members of the Georgetown faculty and their wives will be among the patrons and patronesses and the young women from Trinity College will be guests. Mr. Edward K. Ryan is general chairman of the prom committee, with Mr. Parnell T. Quinn as assistant. More than 500 couples will attend the dance, making it the largest ever given by the Georgetown students. There will be Club Lido music and Mr. Cornelius P. Ward, chairman of the favors committee, has selected dainty blue leather purses for the young women guests bearing the gold seal of the university. Proceeds from the dance will be used toward a gift of the senior classes to the law school.

Local alumni have taken much interest in the forthcoming dance and a large proportion will attend. Dean George E. Hamilton and Mrs. Hamilton head the list of patrons and patronesses. Others are Mr. Hugh P. Fegan, the assistant dean; Senator David J. Walsh, of Massachusetts; Justice and Mrs. Josiah A. Van Orsdel, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Essey-Smith, Mr. and Mrs.



PLACES WREATH. Capt. Frederico Villar, Brazilian naval attaché, yesterday placed a wreath in behalf of the navy of Brazil on the grave of Rear Admiral Carl T. Vogelsgang in Arlington Cemetery.

Photo by Marcus.

These men, it was said, hope to be elevated to high political office, possibly to the United States Senate.

The Dyer resolution provides for a constitutional amendment which would give the District of Columbia the same status as a State, would permit the people here to elect representatives to the House and Senate and would permit them to vote for President and Vice President. Yesterday's hearing, the third at this session, was devoted to arguments against the resolution.

Another hearing will be given the opponents the morning of March 8, and it is probable that there will be still another one for the proponents of the measure.

Woman at Hearing.

Seven men and a woman appeared before the committee yesterday to oppose the Dyer resolution. Two of these suggested that a referendum be held here to determine whether the people of Washington really want the same status as a State, would permit the people here to elect representatives to the House and Senate and would permit them to vote for President and Vice President. Yesterday's hearing, the third at this session, was devoted to arguments against the resolution.

Summed up, the arguments against national representation were as follows: The movement in favor of it is backed by men who hope to win high office; it would give negro voters tremendous political power; it would create a dangerous "political ring" here; the city is already the best governed in the country, and the change would need for local representation in Congress; to give the city the status of a State would be contrary to the wishes of those who established it as the National Capital.

Paul M. Lineberger, of the Dupont Citizens Association, who described himself as a resident of the city and a resident of Washington, was the first to charge that politically ambitious men were in back of the Dyer resolution. Lineberger said that he was an international lawyer and had spent many years in China.

Blames Political Ambitions.

"Behind the movement," he said, "are the political aspirations of certain gentlemen to elevate themselves to high political office—possibly the Senate."

Representative Dyer (Republican), Missouri, author of the resolution, acting chairman of the committee, rebuked Lineberger for making "insinuations." This led to a mild clash between Dyer and Representative Michener (Republican), of Michigan.

Representative Michener contended that Lineberger sought to prevent the movement. Visibly angry, Dyer told Michener that if he felt he could do a better job at better pay, he was welcome to the chair. Later he said these remarks struck from the record.

Continuing, Lineberger described Washington as a "paradise" for negroes. If the city were given the vote, he said, negroes would flock here from all parts of the country, and the capital would be transformed into a "black calipate."

Paradise for "Lame Ducks."

Lineberger agreed with Representative Hersey (Republican), of Maine, that the city also would become a paradise for "lame ducks"—defeated members of Congress.

Grover W. Ayres, active among the organized citizens here, led the opponents of the resolution. In his opening statement, he declared that the resolution was the most unnecessary, most impractical and most selfish ever offered to the American people. The propaganda in favor of it, he said, has been highly colored and distorted, as well as "artificially forced."

Ayres charged that when Jesse Suter and James G. Yaden induced local government in the name of the Federation of Citizens Associations they had no authority from the federation to do so.

Boom for Jesse Suter.

Frank B. Lord, a newspaper writer, suggested that a referendum be held before any action is taken on the resolution. He said he questioned whether the joint citizens committee, headed by Theodore W. Noves, really represented the wishes of a majority of the people here. The joint committee is leading the fight for national representation.

Lord said that the people have a chance to express themselves on the matter. In a statement, Lord launched a premature boom for Jesse Suter, declaring that he would make an excellent representative of the District in Congress.

Rear Admiral W. L. Rodgers, president of the Dupont Citizens Association, declared that the present District government was entirely satisfactory. He said that the representative government was installed here in 1871, he said, only 36,000 citizens out of a total of 135,000 turned out at the first election to vote for the delegate to Congress. Three years later, he said, when the population was much larger, only 14,000 voted. He declared that the same condition would prevail if the city should be given the vote now.

AMBITIONS FOR HIGH POSTS HERE BLAMED FOR SUFFRAGE PEA

Opponents, at House Hearing, Say Certain Men Want Seat in Senate.

REFERENDUM IS ASKED FOR DYER RESOLUTION

Admiral Rodgers Asserts That Present District Government Is Entirely Satisfactory.

The political ambitions of "certain gentlemen" in Washington constitute the mainspring of the movement for national representation for this city, it was charged yesterday at a hearing before the House judiciary committee on the Dyer resolution.

These men, it was said, hope to be elevated to high political office, possibly to the United States Senate.

The Dyer resolution provides for a constitutional amendment which would give the District of Columbia the same status as a State, would permit the people here to elect representatives to the House and Senate and would permit them to vote for President and Vice President. Yesterday's hearing, the third at this session, was devoted to arguments against the resolution.

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MODEL HOME 1705 Surrey Lane (South of Reservoir Road.) Beautifully Illustrated Brochure on Request. The Architect for Foxhall Village is James E. Cooper, one of Washington's foremost designers of 17th Century style of architecture. BOSS & PHELPS, OWNERS AND DEVELOPERS. 1417 K ST. MAIN 6809.

FOXHALL VILLAGE A VILLAGE IN THE CITY

Nine Minutes From Dupont Circle. \$11,500 to \$16,500

"Rome was not built in a day." The cathedrals of Europe, like all great buildings and improvements, were not built over night, but when completed stand through the ages, monuments to man's thought and genius.

So it is with Foxhall Village. The result of years of thoughtful care and study, it awaits today, complete, beautiful, typically English in design. This is not a group of houses built to be pulled by the wheel of time, rather here are homes for all time, acquiring with each passing year the softened mellowness of age.

WATCHMAN SPARES THIEF TO SAVE WINDOW GLASS

Calculates Loot Cost Less Than Plate Store Front and Withholds Shot.

WAS LOCKED UP IN SHOP

Displaying a shrewd sense of values in a lightning calculation of the cost of 40 pairs of silk hosiery as compared to the expense of installing a new plate glass window, Lawrence Green, colored night watchman of M. Phillipsborn & Co.'s establishment at 603 Eleventh street northwest, controlled a desire to shoot a burglar engaged in rifling a show case at the store early yesterday morning. Instead, he called the police.

"We always lock our watchmen in at night," Manager Isaac Behrends said yesterday. "It is the safest way to protect our stock."

The key is taken to his home by the manager nightly while the watchman paces the aisles of the store on the alert for robbers and fire.

About dawn yesterday Green was startled by sounds at one of the front show windows. He crept toward the entrance and arrived in time to see a colored thief removing a quantity of stockings from one of the two show cases. He made for the door to capture the man but halted when he realized that it was impossible for him to leave the place.

Under a hostler at his revolver, carried in a holster at his side, and then he surveyed the broad expanse of the plate glass windows. He only vaguely recalled the burglar's face, but the replacement would cost and it also occurred to him that the stockings with which the thief was making off were marked \$1.10 per pair. He called the police. They arrived too late. The loot is valued at \$50 Manager Behrends said.

ONLY 6,518 UNEMPLOYED IN DISTRICT, POLICE FIND

Census for Labor Department Shows Capital Has No Jobless Problem.

4,652 MEN, 1,866 WOMEN

Virtually every one in Washington is working and there is no unemployment problem here, according to the Police Department. Following a survey that was supposed to include a house-to-house canvass by patrolmen, Maj. Edwin B. Hesse, superintendent of police, yesterday announced that his men reported that of Washington's half million population only 6,518 are out of work, 4,652 men and 1,866 women. Hesse did not express much confidence in the result of the survey.

The investigation was undertaken at the request of the United States Department of Labor, which asked several cities to cooperate. Commanding officers were asked to report for each precinct as to the number of persons usually employed now out of work and looking for jobs. The number of unemployed reported by precincts was as follows:

First Precinct, 71; Second, 1,468; Third, 275; Fourth, 129; Fifth, 873; Sixth, 414; Seventh, 397; Eighth, 920; Ninth, 871; Tenth, 467; Eleventh, 181; Twelfth, 200; Thirteenth, 165; Fourteenth, 83; Harbor, 4.

The commander of the Harbor Precinct reported that he found four men out of work in his jurisdiction, but added: "There are no places of residence in this precinct."

World Unity Topic Of Conference Here

The message of "World Unity" will be brought to Washington by a large-scale program, starting Sunday and concluding Tuesday night with a public educational conference under the auspices of the World Unity Foundation, in the auditorium of the National Museum.

The campaign will be opened by Dr. Joseph H. R. Randall with an address Sunday morning at the Temple Forum of the Washington Hebrew congregation. Miss Helen L. Pearson, 1811 Twelfth, 200; Thirteenth, 165; Fourteenth, 83; Harbor, 4.

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City's Heads Back New Kidnaping Bill

The District Commissioners yesterday sent to the Senate District committee approval of a bill to make kidnaping punishable by a maximum penalty of life imprisonment and disapproval of a bill designed to regulate bonds in criminal cases.

Under the old kidnaping statute it was unlawful to carry off or decoy a person out of the District. The bill would make it a maximum punishment for kidnaping for ransom.

Today's Happenings

- Meeting—Society of Natives, Washington Club, 8 o'clock.
- Dance—Welfare Club of Arlington County, Va., Chestnut Farms Addition, Twenty-sixth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, 10 o'clock.
- Minstrel show—Benedict Albright Memorial Evangelical Church, church hall, Fourth and Rittenhouse streets northwest, 8 o'clock.
- Luncheon—Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, Hotel Gordon, 12:30 o'clock.
- Card party—Sodality of the Shrine of the Sacred Heart Church, parish hall, 8 o'clock.
- Address—Sir Esme Howard, British Consul, to meeting of Loyal Knights of the Royal Table, University Club, 12:30 o'clock.
- Address—Lewis Moneyway, to members of Thomson Community Center, Thomson School, 8 o'clock.
- Card party and dance—Bethlehem Chapter, Order of Eastern Star, Washington Hotel, 8:30 o'clock.
- Address—The Rev. Ross Stover, of Philadelphia, to Lutheran Sunday School Institute, Luther Place Memorial Church, 8 o'clock.
- Meeting—Carbery Parent-Teachers Association, Carbery School, 7:45 o'clock.
- Meeting—Caravan Club, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 o'clock.
- Address—Senator Royal Copeland, of New York, to City Club forum meeting, City Club, 12:30 o'clock.
- County fair—Benefit of the Women's City Club, 22 Jackson place northwest, until 10 o'clock.
- Luncheon—National Women's Democratic Club members, clubhouse, 1526 New Hampshire avenue northwest, 12:30 o'clock.
- Dance—Sigma Kappa Tau Sorority, Blumhage, Eleventh and B streets northwest, 9 o'clock.
- Geographic Society Speaker.

Robert Cushman Murphy will address members of the National Geographic Society at the Washington Auditorium tonight at 8 o'clock on the theme of rediscovering the Mediterranean Sea. Where the Western world's navigation was born. The address will be illustrated with motion pictures and scenic slides.

OVER HERE—OVER THERE—

ONCE ACROSS THE PRAIRIE RIVER THE AUSTRILIANS FOUND THEMSELVES CONFRONTED WITH AN IDEAL ADVANTAGE FOR THEIR TACTICS OF "INFILTRATION"—A METHOD OF ATTACK WHICH HAD PROVEN DISASTROUS FOR THE ITALIANS AT CAPORETTO IN OCTOBER, 1917. THE ATTACK FOLLOWED SWIFTLY.

IN FRONT OF THE ENEMY ON THE PLAIN LAY ROW AFTER ROW OF VINES AND FRUIT TREES IN FULL BLOOM, ALL RUNNING NORTH AND SOUTH, PARALLEL WITH THE BATTLE LINE.

EXCEPT DOWN THE ROADS AND THE RAILWAY THERE WERE NO AVENUES OF VISION. NEITHER WERE THE ITALIANS FIGHTING IN PREPARED LINES OF DEFENSE—AS THEY HAD LOST THEIR FIRST LINE—WE WERE NOT FORCED BACK TO THEIR SECOND.

NEITHER SIDE HAD MUCH ADVANTAGE OF GROUND, BOTH FIGHTING BEHIND DYKE BANKS, IN DITCHES AND DRAINS, OR IN IMPROVISED TRENCHES SCRATCHED IN THE SOFT SOIL OF THE LEVEL PLAIN.

NATURALLY, UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, THE BATTLE LINE SWAYED BACKWARD AND FORWARD UNDER ATTACKS AND COUNTER-ATTACKS. THE "INFILTRATION" CRY FROM ANY SECTOR IMMEDIATELY BROUGHT UP REINFORCEMENT TROOPS.

The Blind Garden Battle